



European
Commission

Horizon 2020
European Union funding
for Research & Innovation



Searches for Dark Matter mediators with DARKJETS

or: how to make the most of LHC data

This project has received funding from the European Research Council (ERC) under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme (grant agreement No 679305)

Caterina Doglioni - Lund University



06/04/2016 - ATP Talk

What do we know about dark matter?





it is dark



it is dark



it has mass

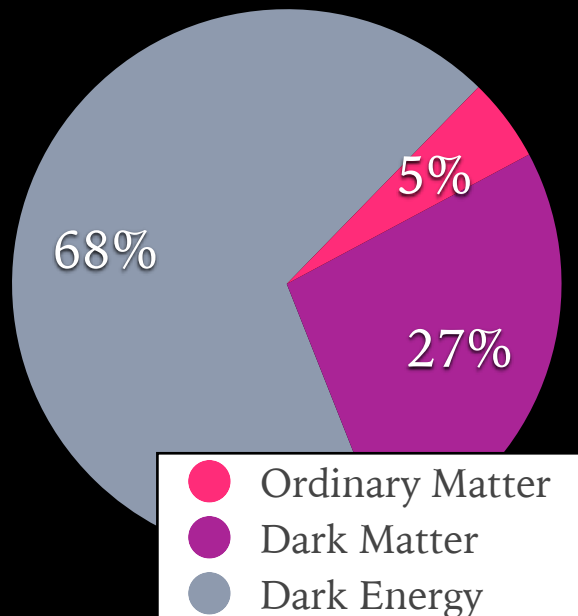




it is dark

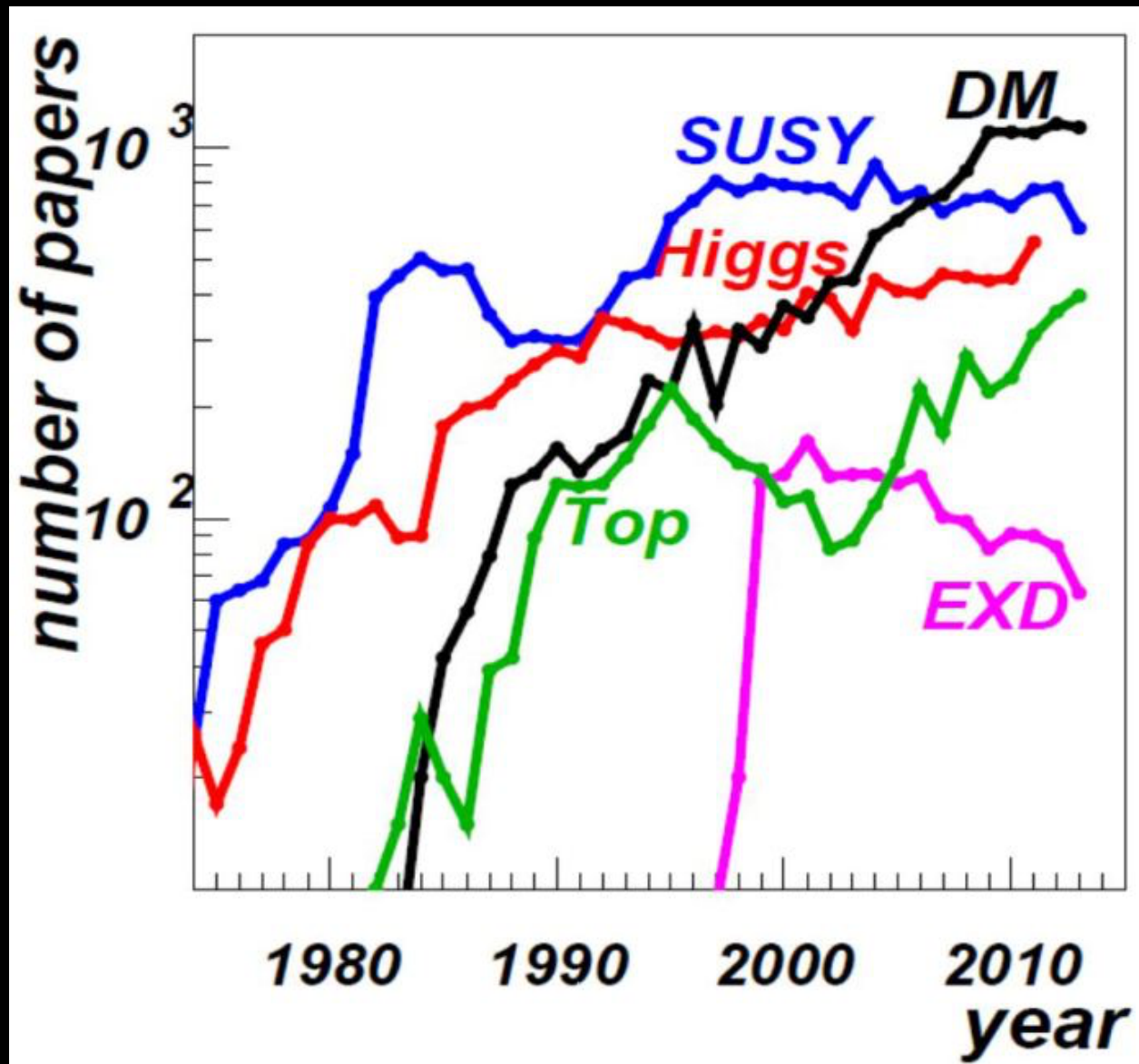


it has mass

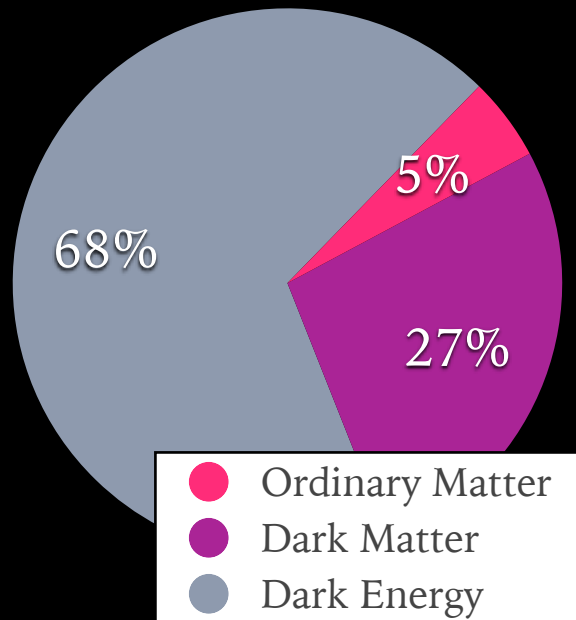


it constitutes
most of **the matter**
in the universe

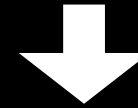
many physicists are talking about it



A. Belyaev



it constitutes
most of **the matter**
in the universe



relic density

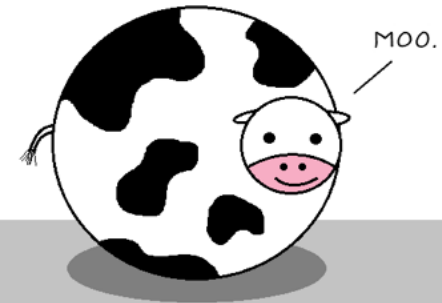
This relic density can be explained with
a new particle

- that interacts only weakly with known matter
- with mass in the range of current experiments
(WIMP)

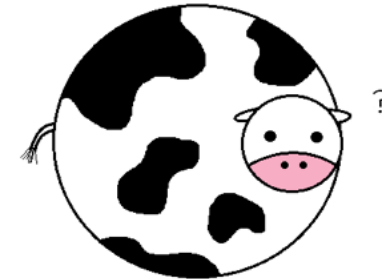
Under these assumptions...

<http://abstrusegoose.com/406>

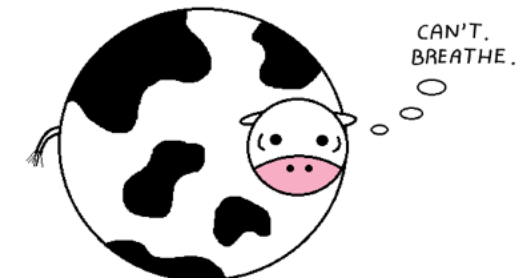
Assume a spherical cow of uniform density.



...while ignoring the effects of gravity.



...in a vacuum.



bastard theoretical physicists

How do you sleep at night?



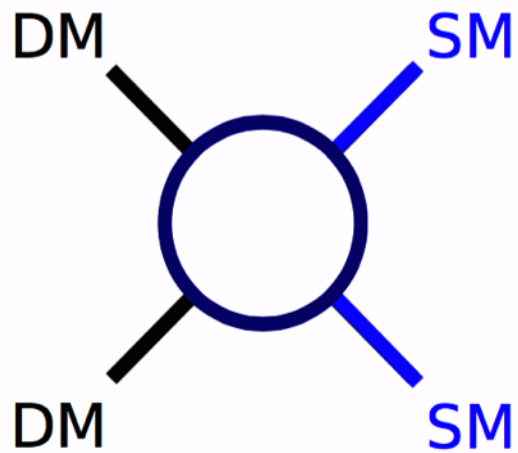
LUNDS
UNIVERSITET

...we could discover Dark Matter!

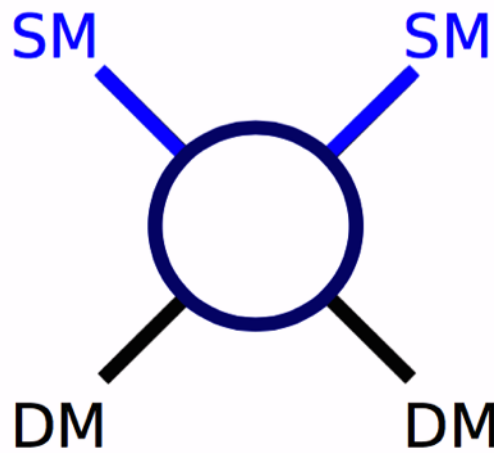
How to discover Dark Matter

Dark
Matter

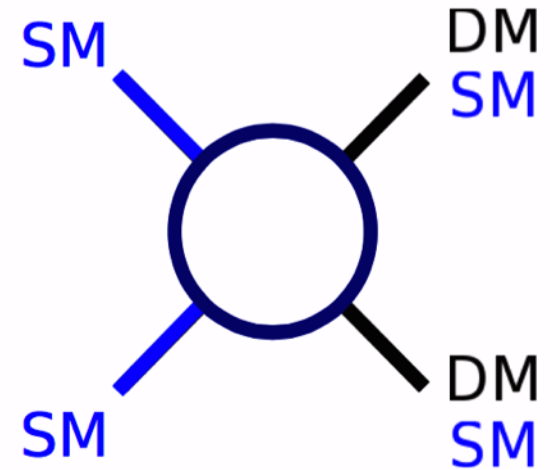
Ordinary
particles



Indirect Detection



Direct Detection



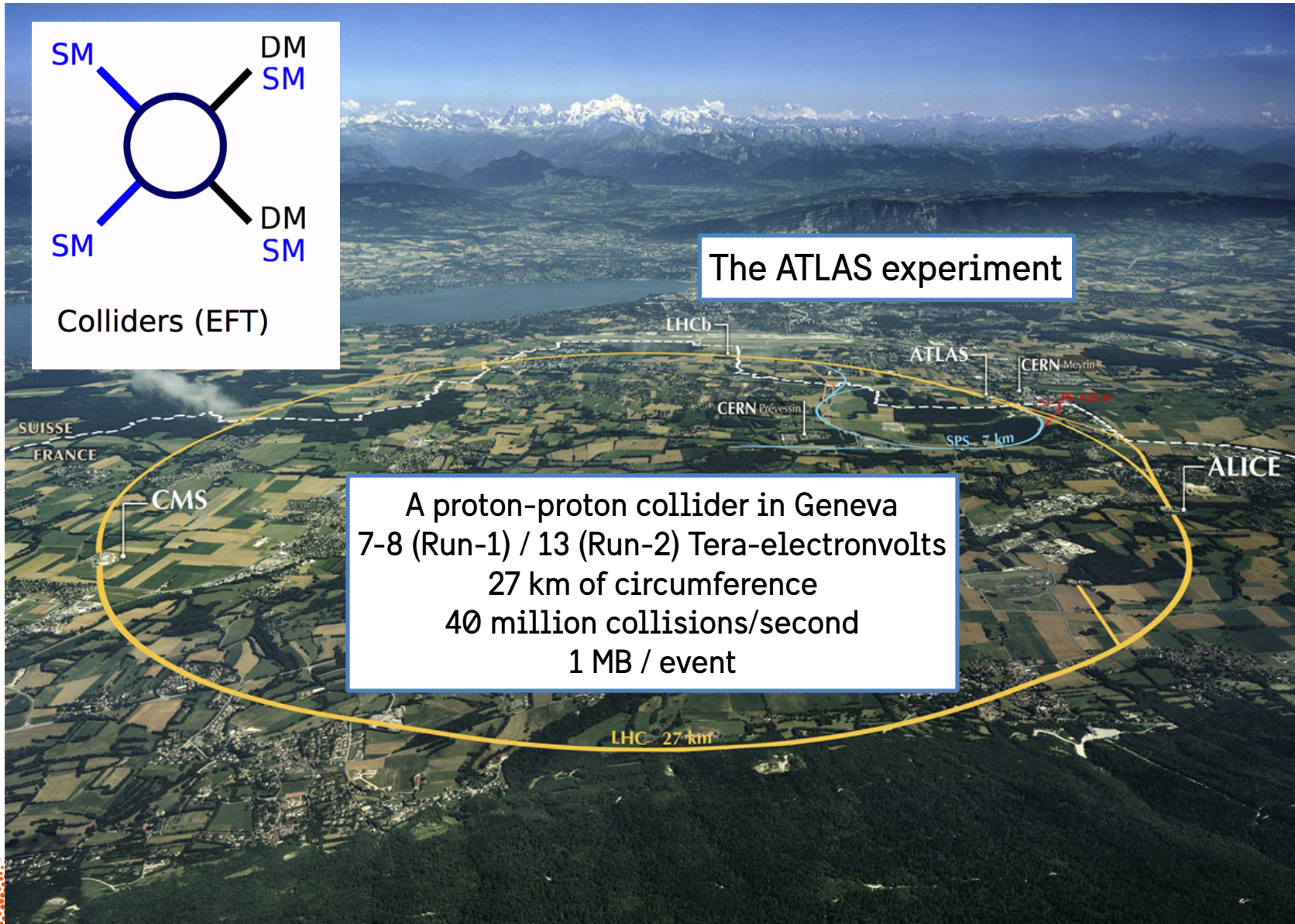
Particle Colliders



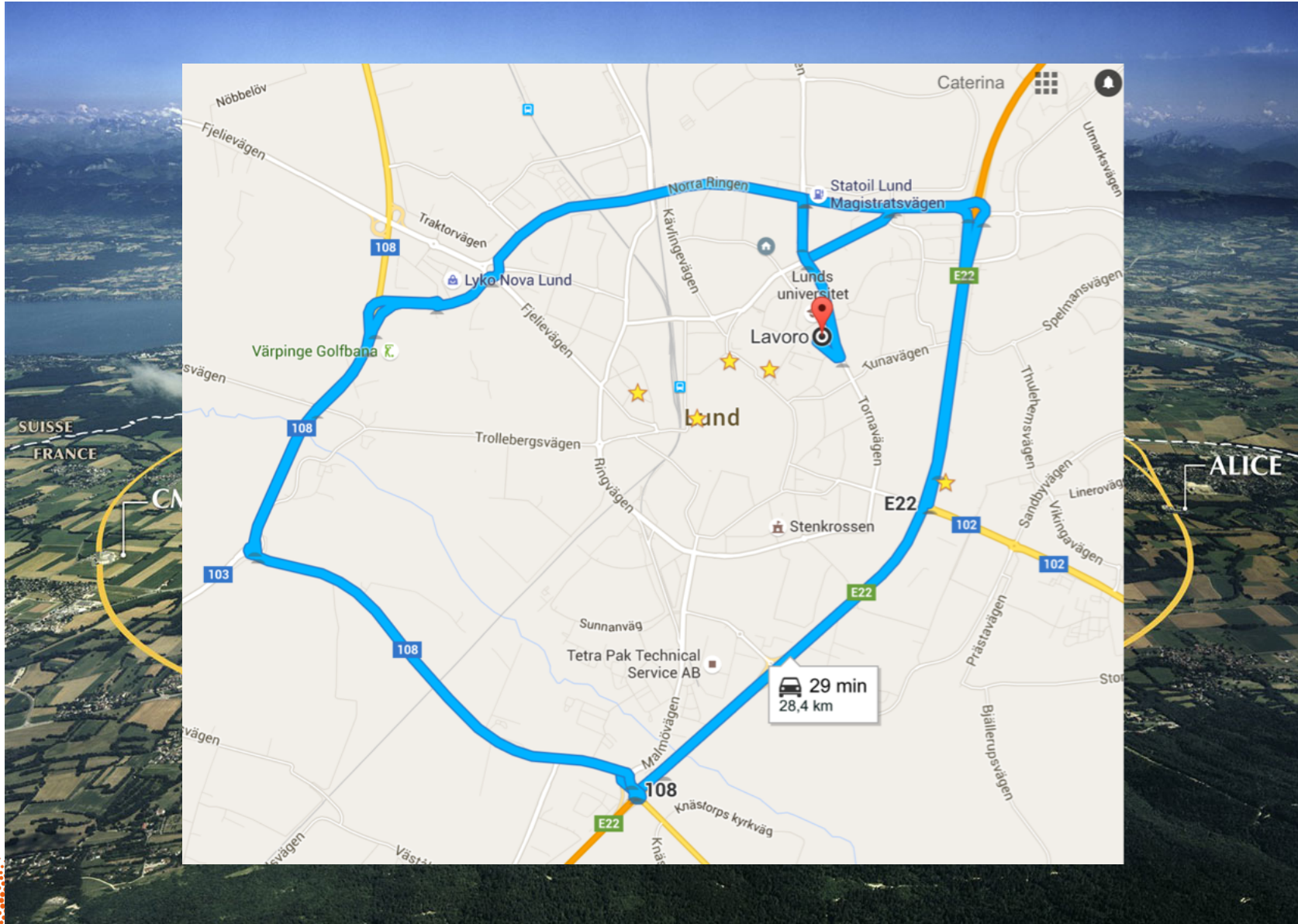
Complementary experimental strategies

Looking for **small signals** over **large backgrounds**

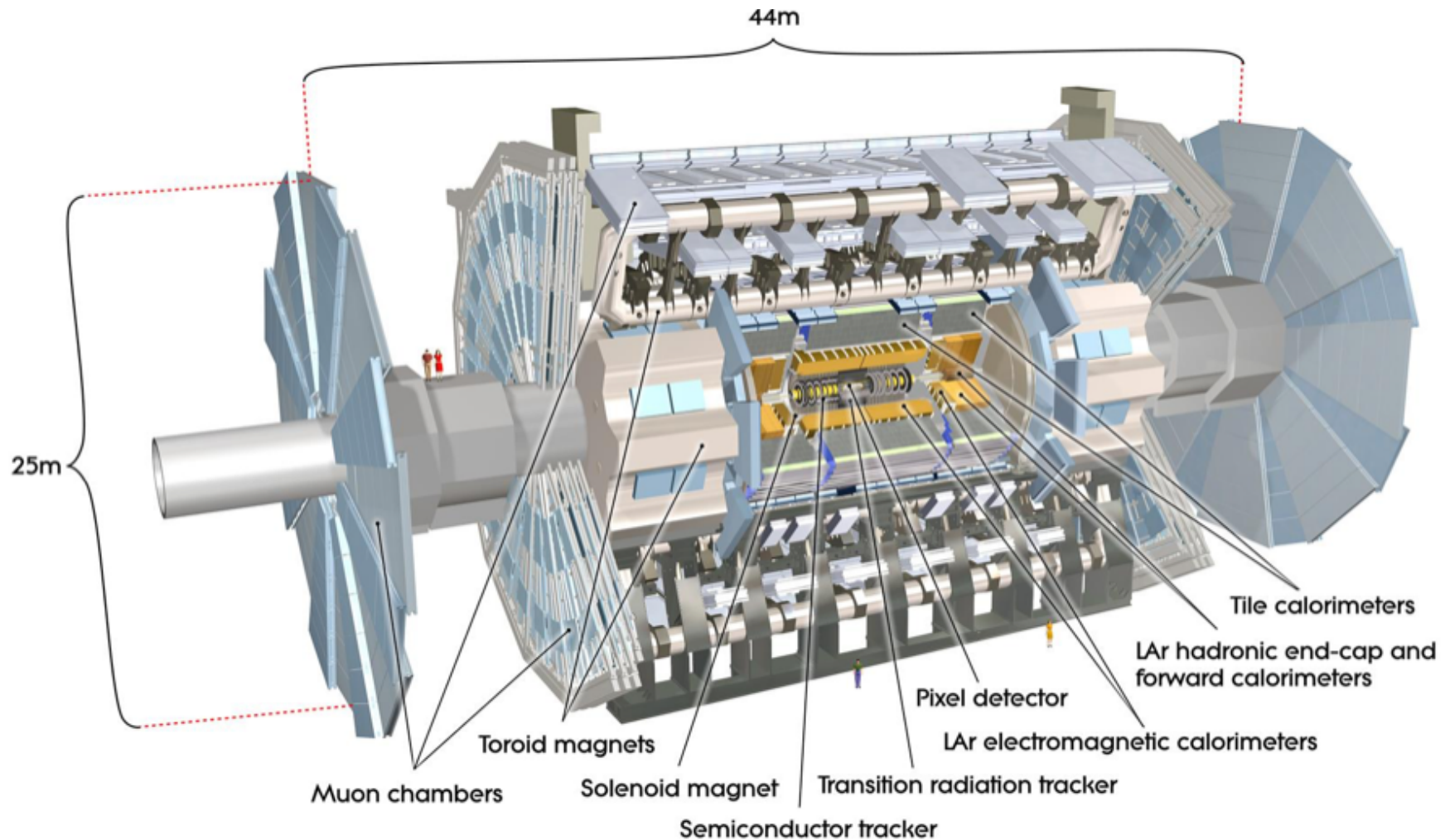
LHC: the biggest man-made discovery machine



LHC: the biggest man-made discovery machine



The ATLAS detector



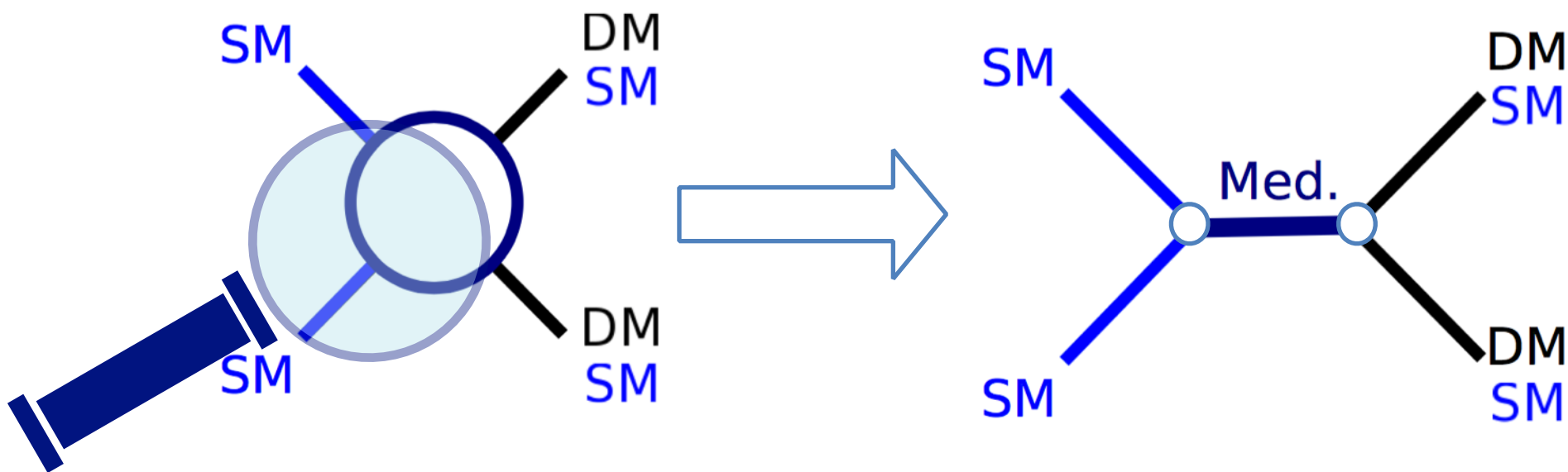
>96% working channels (pixels, cells...) in each sub-detector

erc

[ATLAS detector status](#)

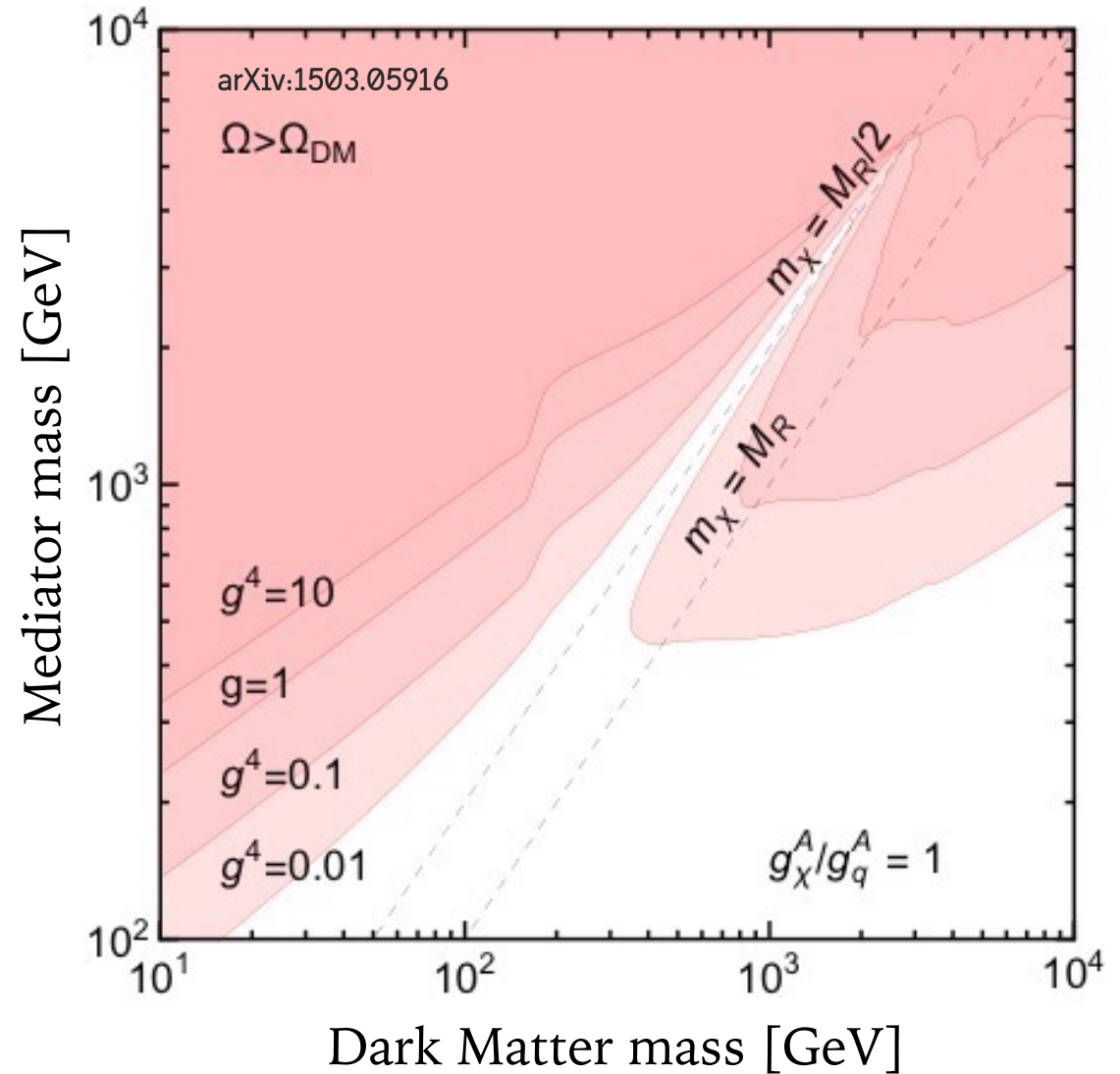
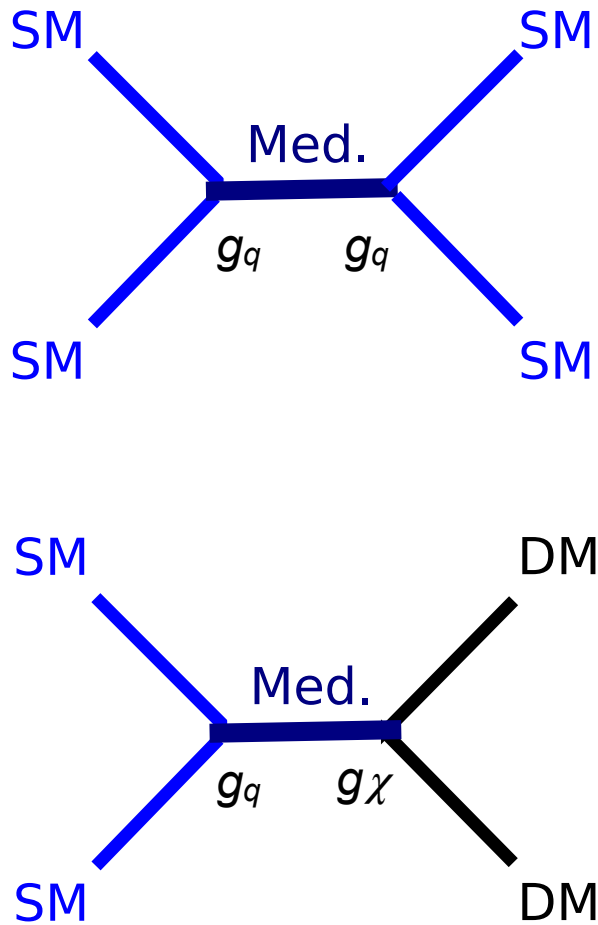
Dark Matter mediators at the LHC

These new particles are what we look for with DARKJETS

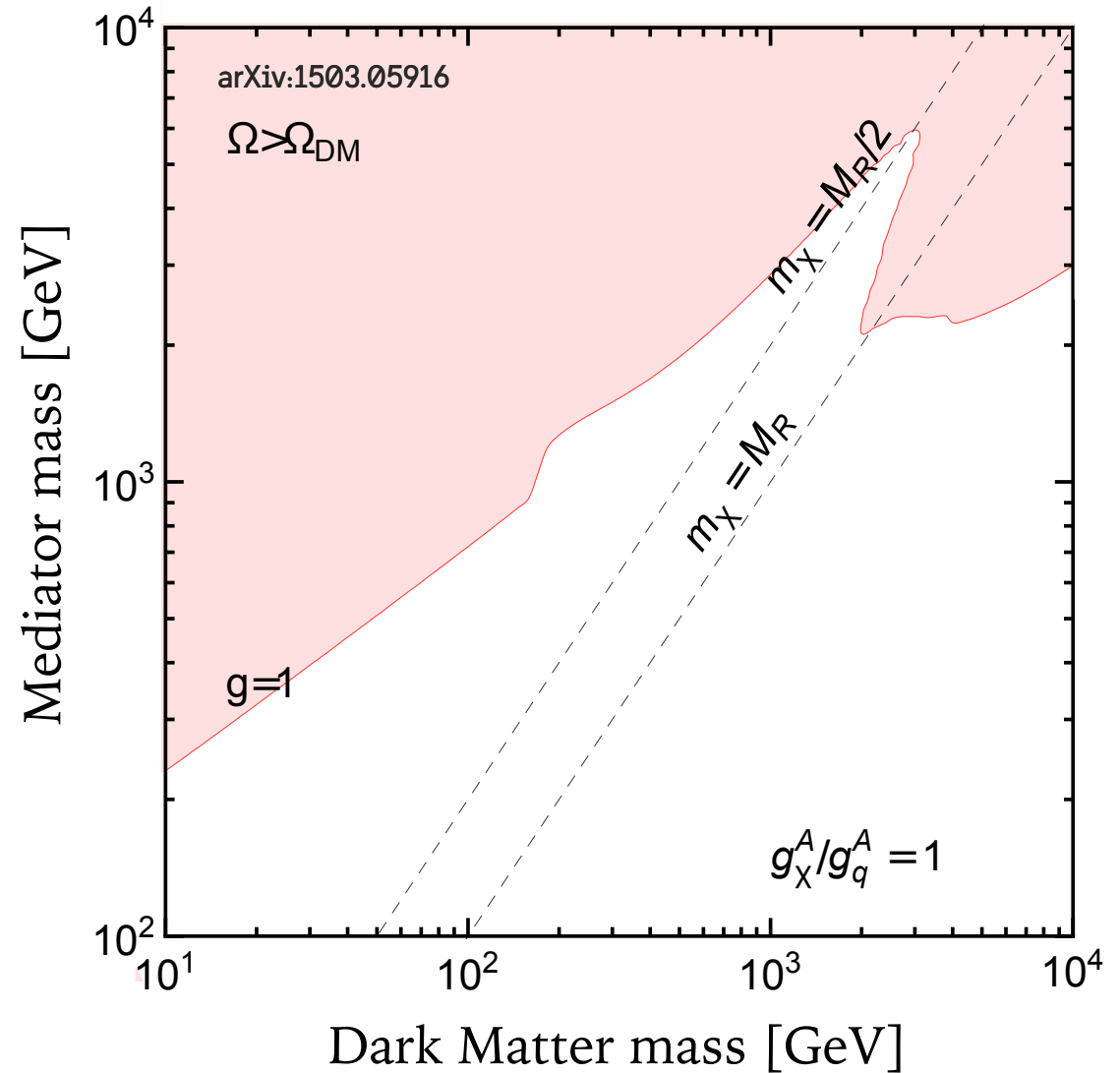
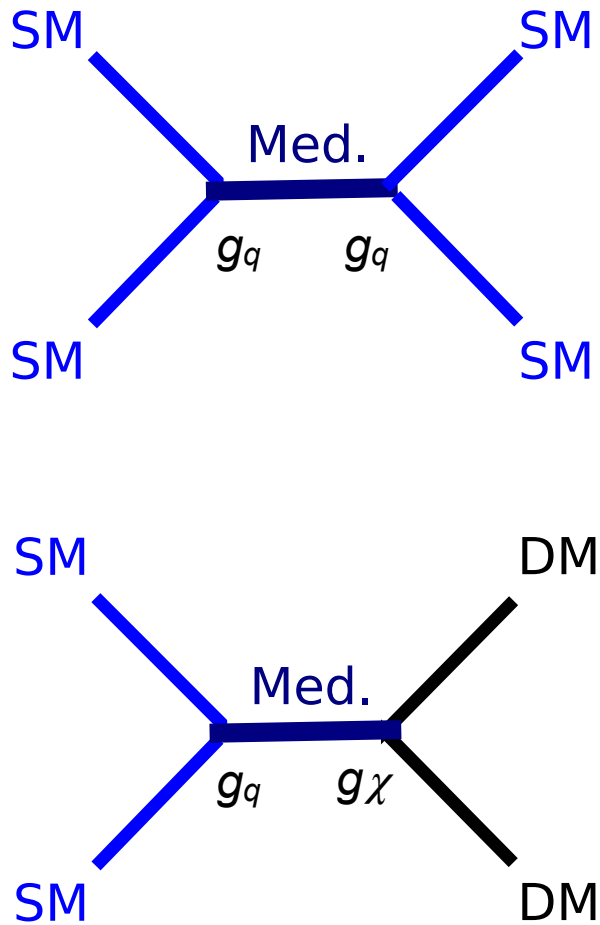


To make up for relic density:
mediators should have **low masses**

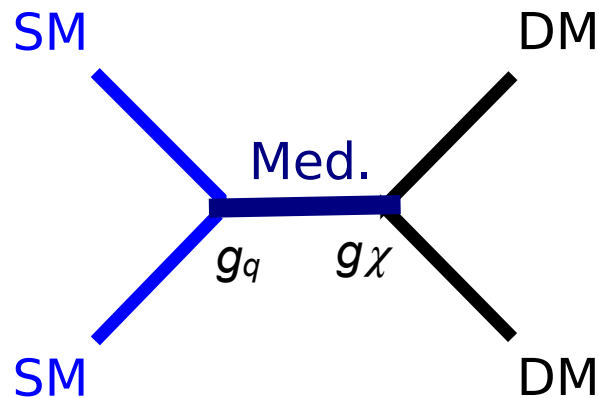
Dark Matter mediators: decays



Dark Matter mediators: decays



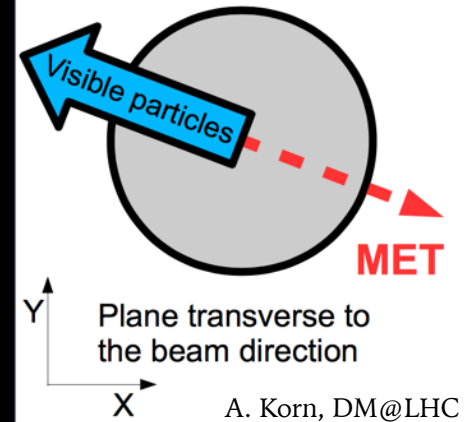
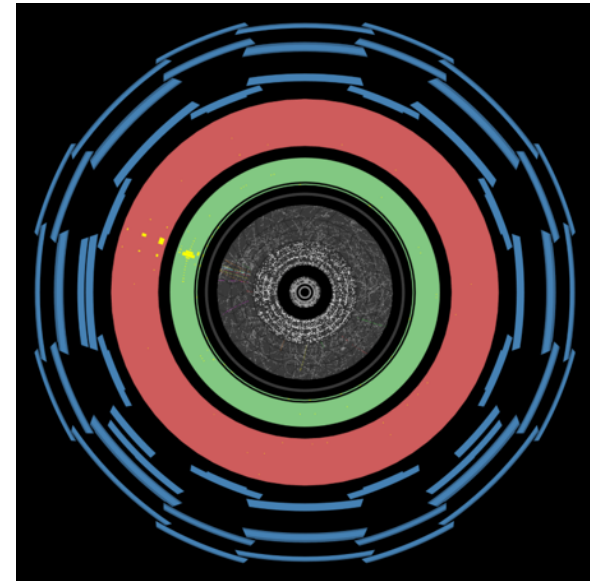
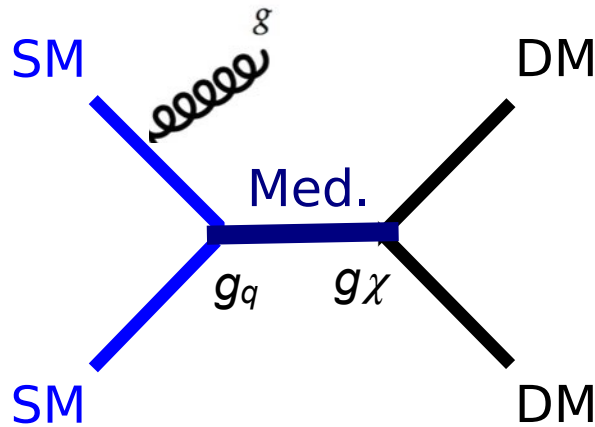
Looking for Dark Matter at the LHC



A WIMP is invisible to detectors!

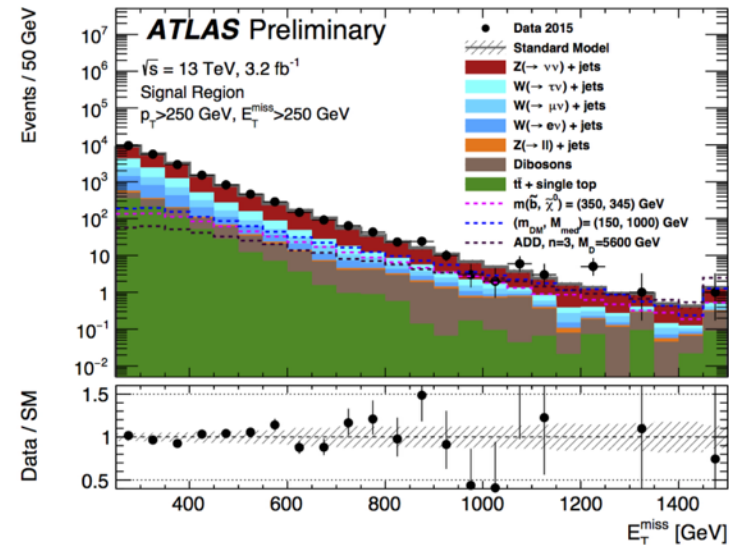
Looking for Dark Matter at the LHC

Signature: missing transverse momentum



A. Korn, DM@LHC

A WIMP is invisible to detectors!
Initial state radiation makes it visible



The ATLAS/CMS Dark Matter Forum

Determined **Benchmark models** for LHC searches:

- emphasis on **mediators**
- mediators can be **produced and discovered** at the LHC!

Dark Matter Benchmark Models for Early LHC Run-2 Searches: Report of the ATLAS/CMS Dark Matter Forum

Daniel Abercrombie, Nural Akchurin, Ece Akilli, Juan Alcaraz Maestre, Brandon Allen, Barbara Alvarez Gonzalez, Jeremy Andrea, Alexandre Arbey, Georges Azuelos, Patrizia Azzi, Mihailo Backović, Yang Bai, Swagato Banerjee, James Beacham, Alexander Belyaev, Antonio Boveia, Amelia Jean Brennan, Oliver Buchmueller, Matthew R. Buckley, Giorgio Busoni, Michael Buttignol, Giacomo Cacciapaglia, Regina Caputo, Linda Carpenter, Nuno Filipe Castro, Guillermo Gomez Ceballos, Yangyang Cheng, John Paul Chou, Arely Cortes Gonzalez, Chris Cowden, Francesco D'Eramo, Annapaola De Cosa, Michele De Gruttola, Albert De Roeck, Andrea De Simone, Aldo Deandrea, Zeynep Demiragli, Anthony DiFranzo, Caterina Doglioni, Tristan du Pree, Robin Erbacher, Johannes Erdmann, Cora Fischer, Henning Flaecher, Patrick J. Fox, et al. (94 additional authors not shown)

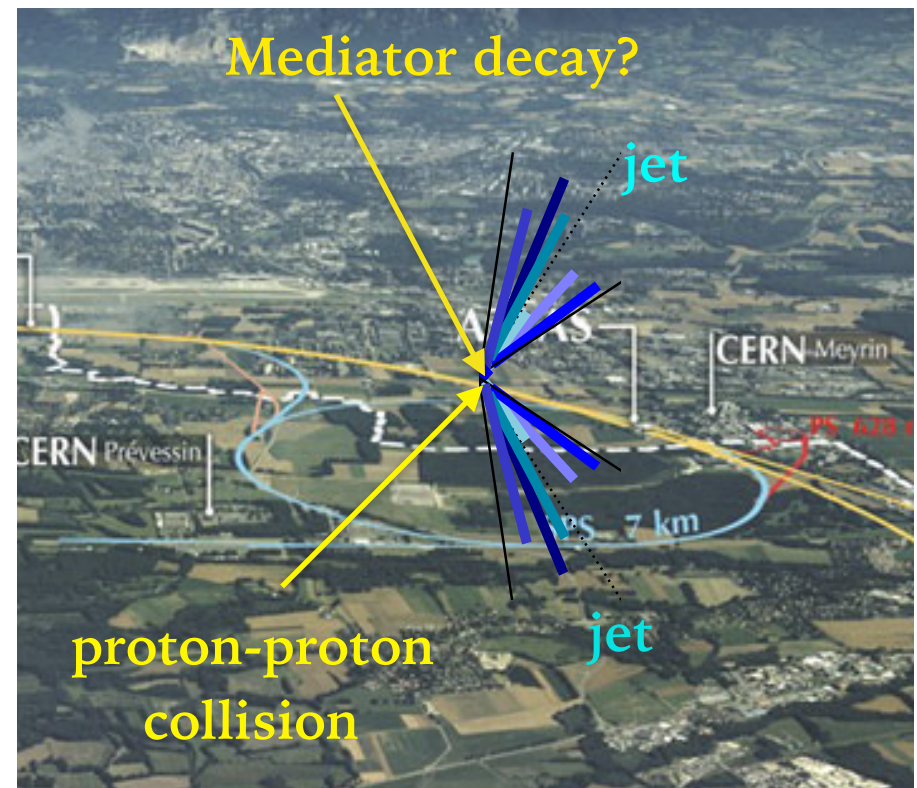
Submitted on 3 Jul 2015

This document is the final report of the ATLAS-CMS Dark Matter Forum, a forum organized by the ATLAS and CMS collaborations with the participation of experts on theories of Dark Matter, to select a minimal basis set of dark matter simplified models that should support the design of the early LHC Run-2 searches. A prioritized, compact set of benchmark models is proposed, accompanied by studies of the parameter space of these models and a repository of generator implementations. This report also addresses how to apply the Effective Field Theory formalism for collider searches and present the results of such interpretations.

Subjects: **High Energy Physics – Experiment (hep-ex)**; High Energy Physics – Phenomenology (hep-ph)

Cite as: [arXiv:1507.00966 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1507.00966)

(or [arXiv:1507.00966v1 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1507.00966v1) for this version)



The ATLAS/CMS Dark Matter Forum

Determined **Benchmark models** for LHC searches:

- emphasis on **mediators**
- mediators can be **produced and discovered at the LHC!**

Dark Matter Benchmark Searches: Report of the

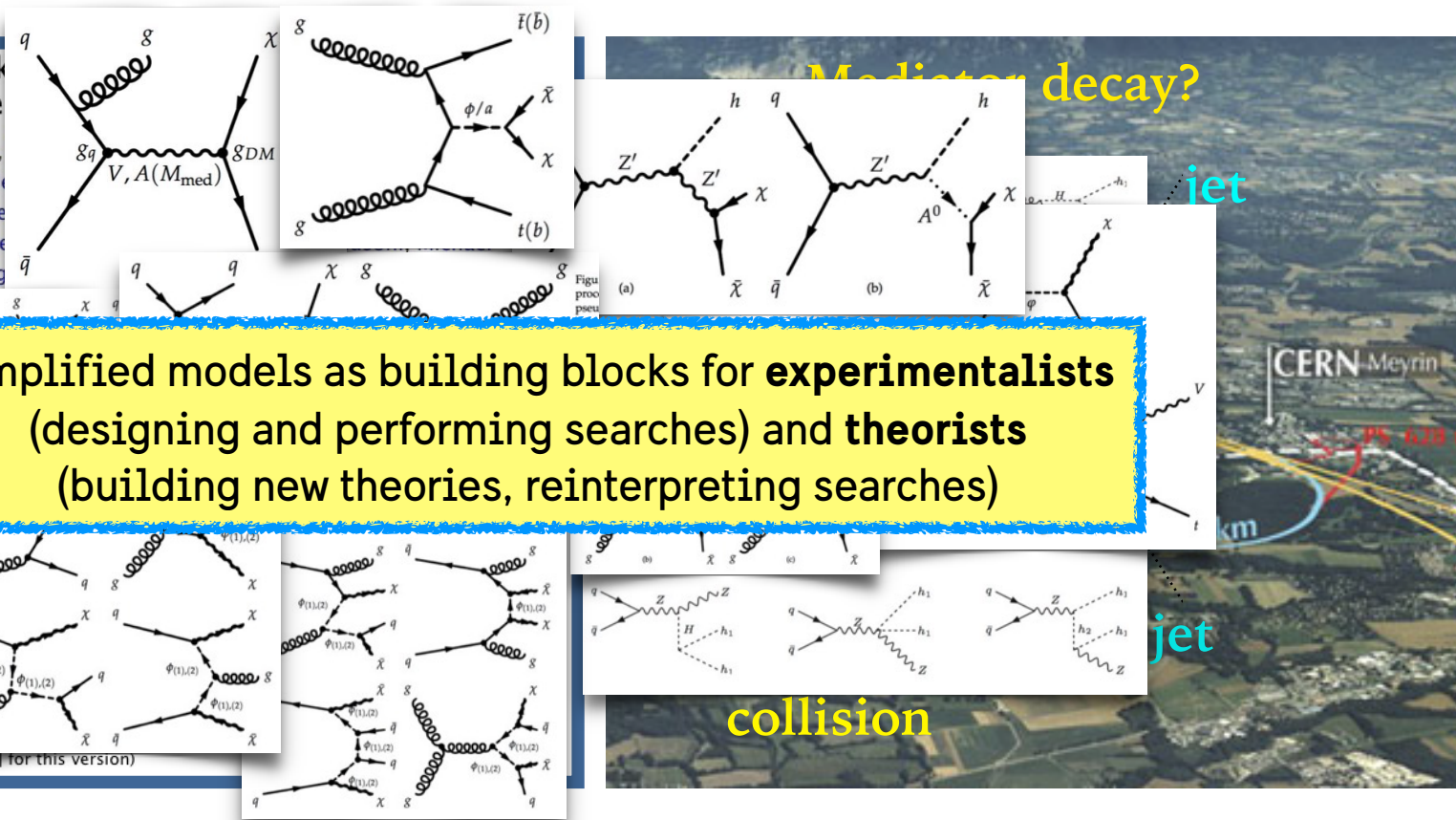
Daniel Abercrombie, Nural Akchurin, Alvarez Gonzalez, Jeremy Andrea, Al Backović, Yang Bai, Swagato Banerjee, Amelia Jean Brennan, Oliver Buchmüller, Buttignol, Giacomo Cacciapaglia, Reginaldo Gomes, Guillelmo Gomez Ceballos, Yaakov G. Coadou, Francesco D'Eramo, Andrea De Simone, Aldo De Felice, Tristan du Pree, Robin Erbacher, James Fox, et al. (94 additional authors)

Submitted on 3 Jul 2015

This document is the final report of the ATLAS and CMS collaborations on the search for a minimal basis set of dark matter particles at the LHC Run-2 searches. A prioritized set of studies of the parameter space for such searches also addresses how to present the results of such searches.

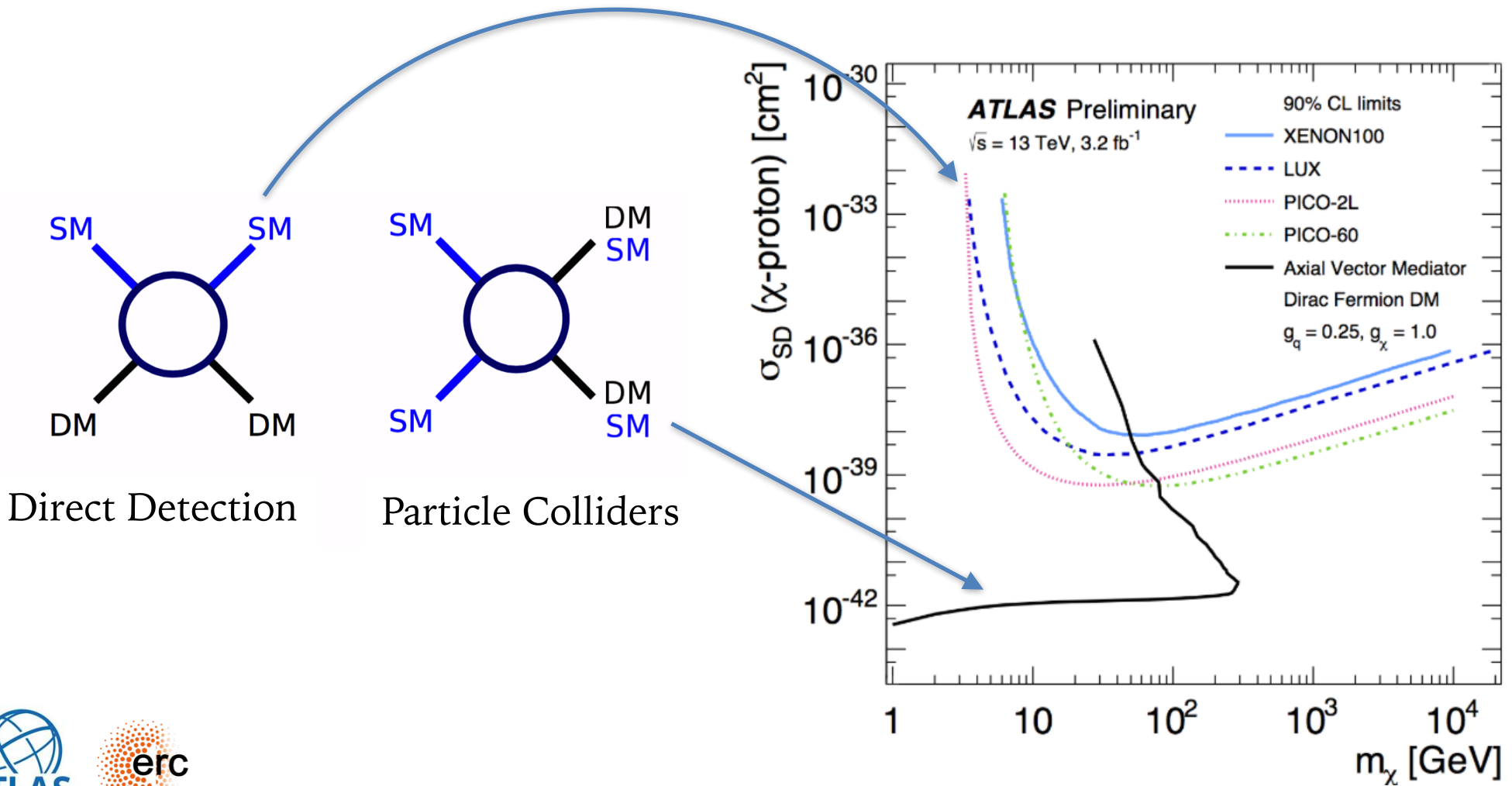
Subjects: High Energy Physics - Experiment
Cite as: arXiv:1507.00966 [hep-ex] (or arXiv:1507.00966v1 [hep-ex] for this version)

Simplified models as building blocks for experimentalists (designing and performing searches) and theorists (building new theories, reinterpreting searches)

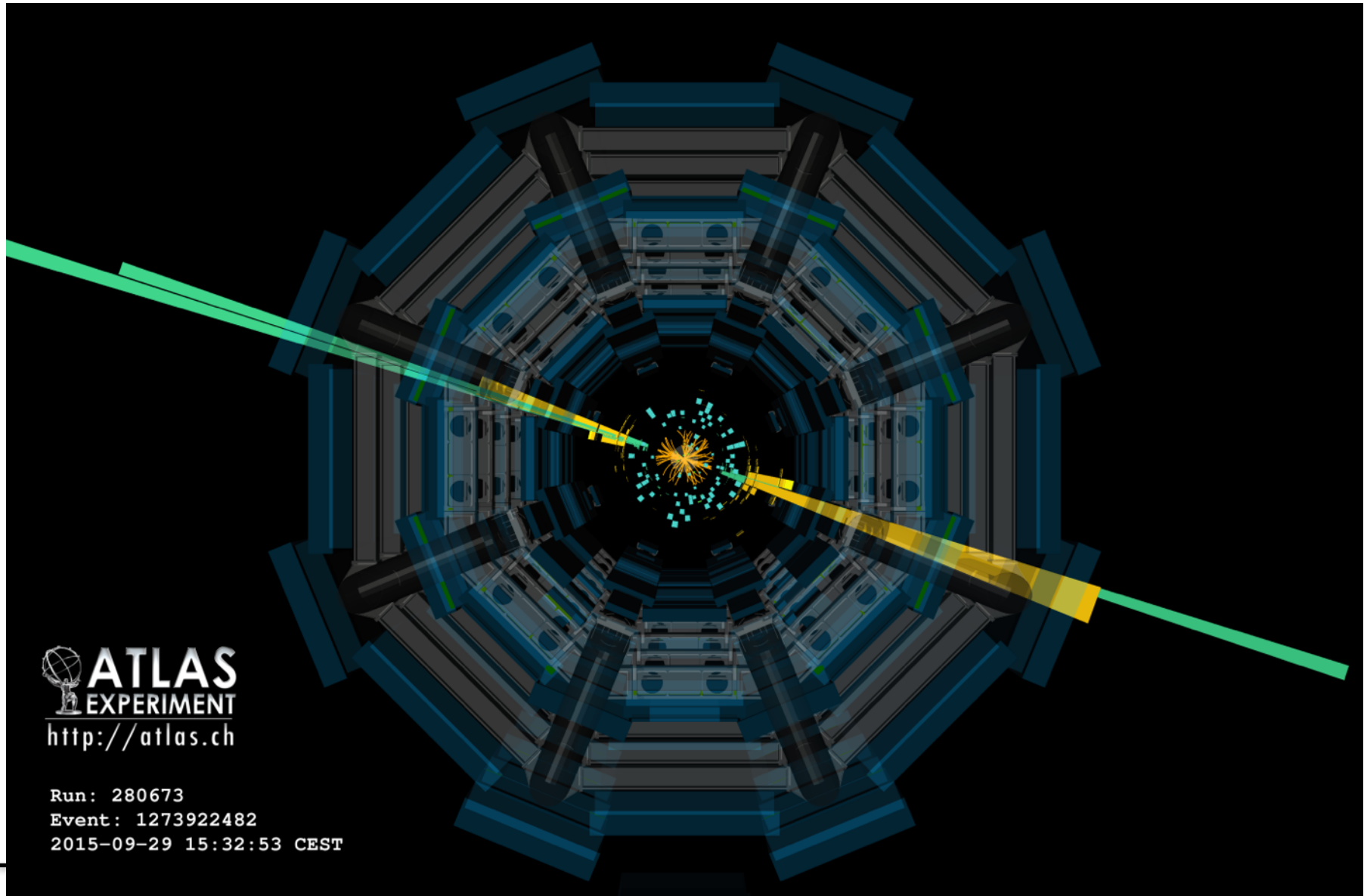


The LHC Dark Matter Working Group

Complementarity between Dark Matter experiments:
highlighted in agreement on presentation of results [arXiv:hep-ex/1603.04156](https://arxiv.org/abs/1603.04156)



DM mediators: how they would look like



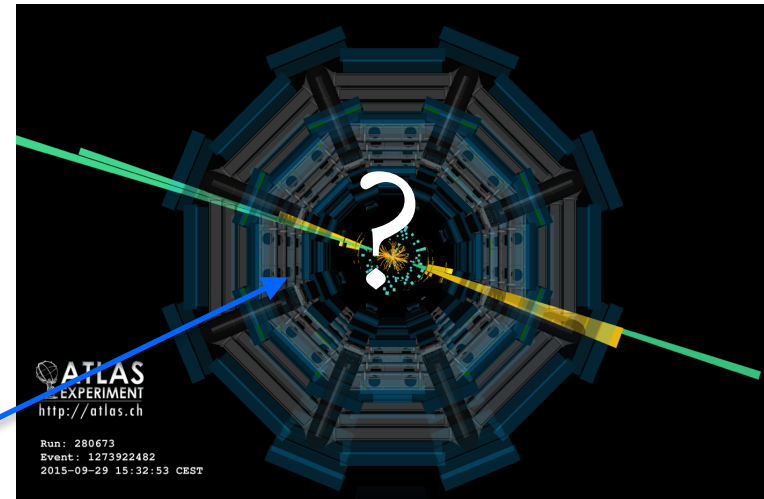
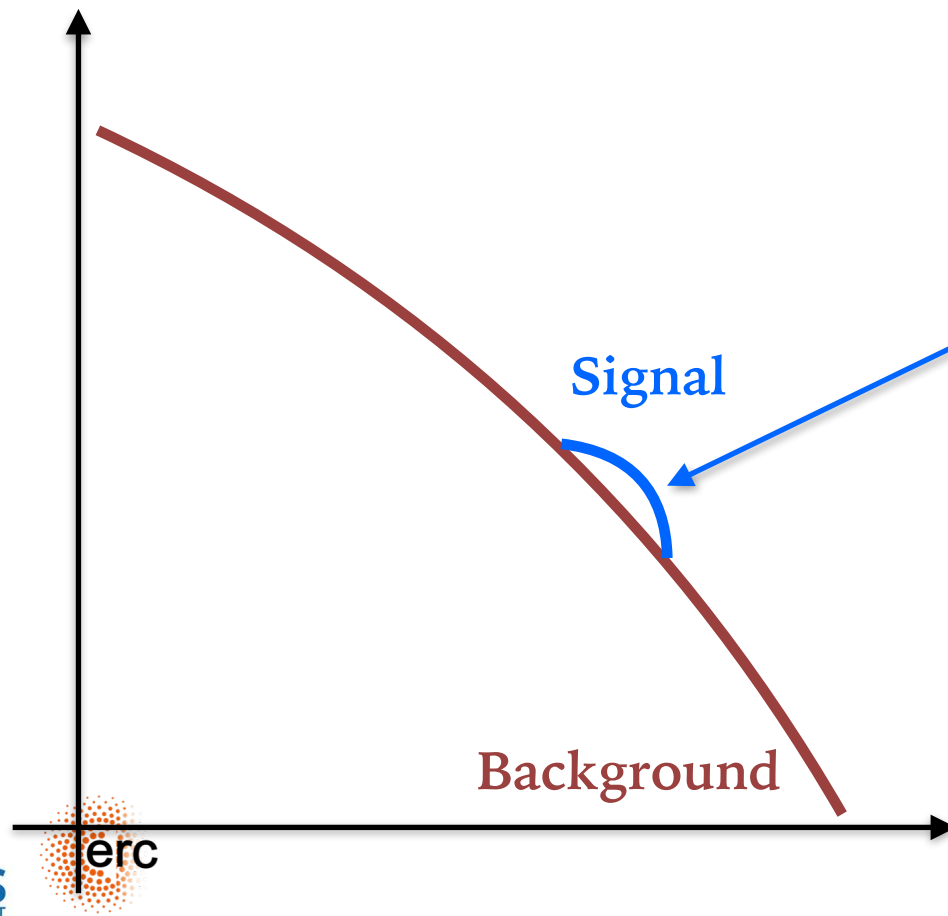
 **ATLAS**
EXPERIMENT
<http://atlas.ch>

Run: 280673
Event: 1273922482
2015-09-29 15:32:53 CEST

DM mediators: how they would look like

New particles: resonant excess (bump) over known particle background

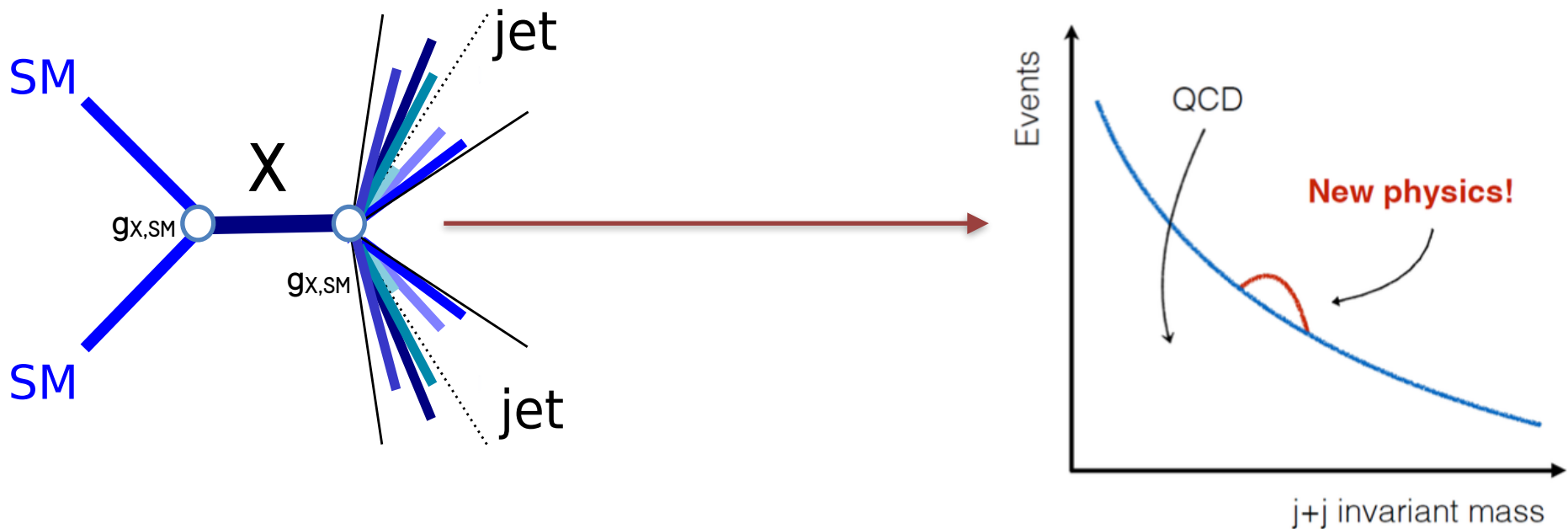
Number of events



Mass of di-jet system
(\sim new particle mass)

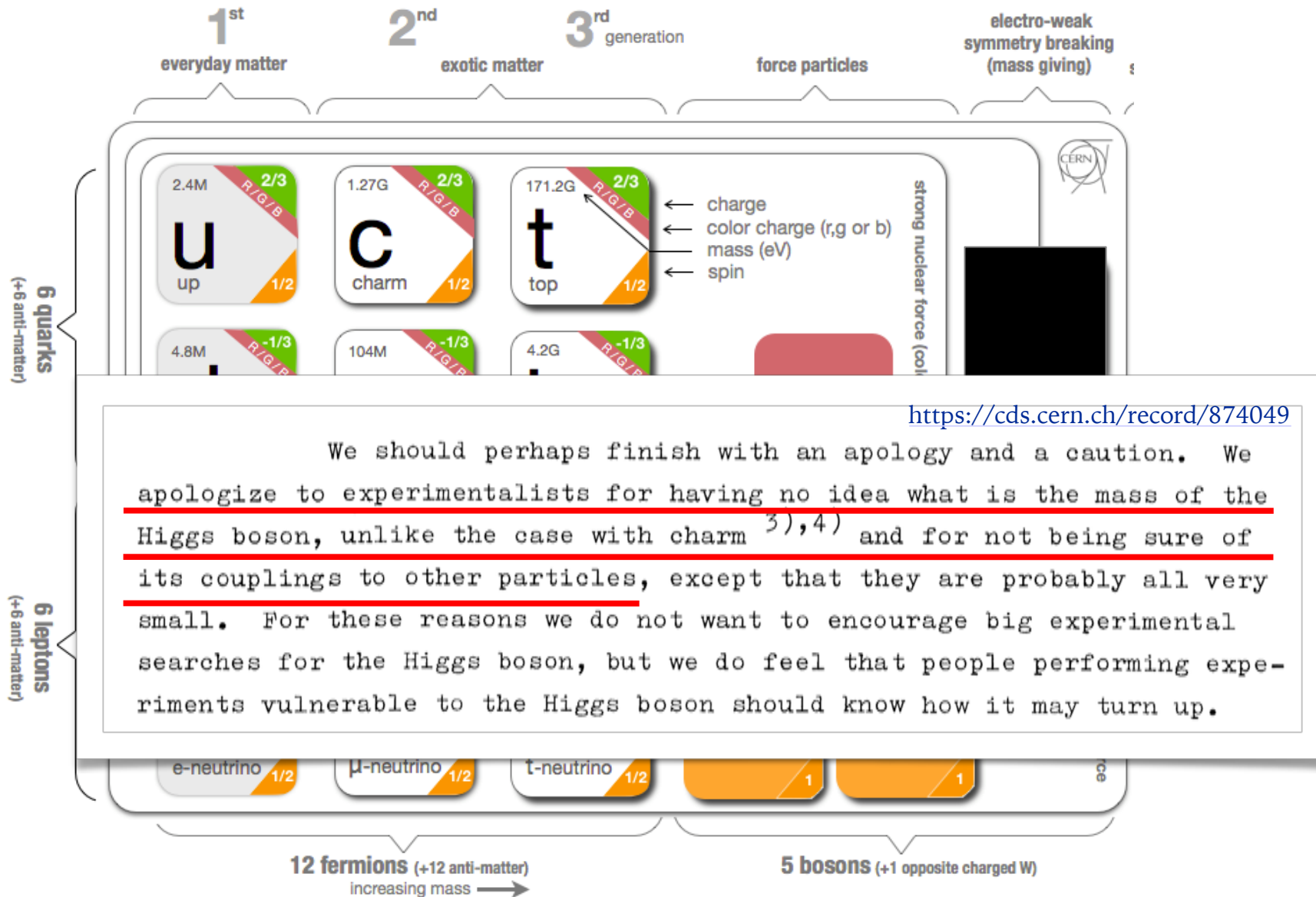
Resonant phenomena producing jets

Look for **new particles** decaying to **quarks** and **gluons** (\rightarrow jets) appearing as **“bump”** over QCD background



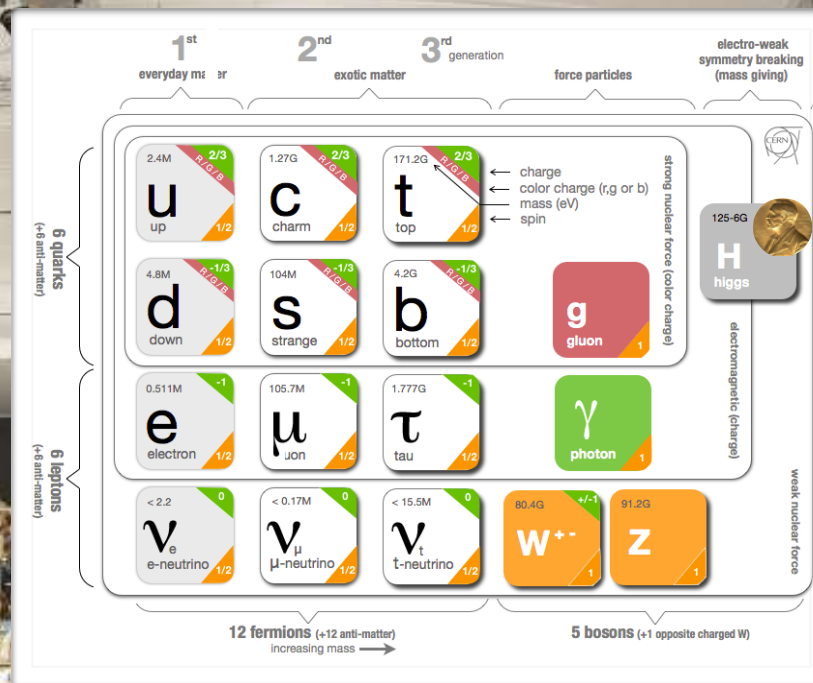
Many models fit the bill: excited quarks, heavy boson partners...

More motivation to look into the heart of the matter



Searches (and discoveries) at the LHC Run 1

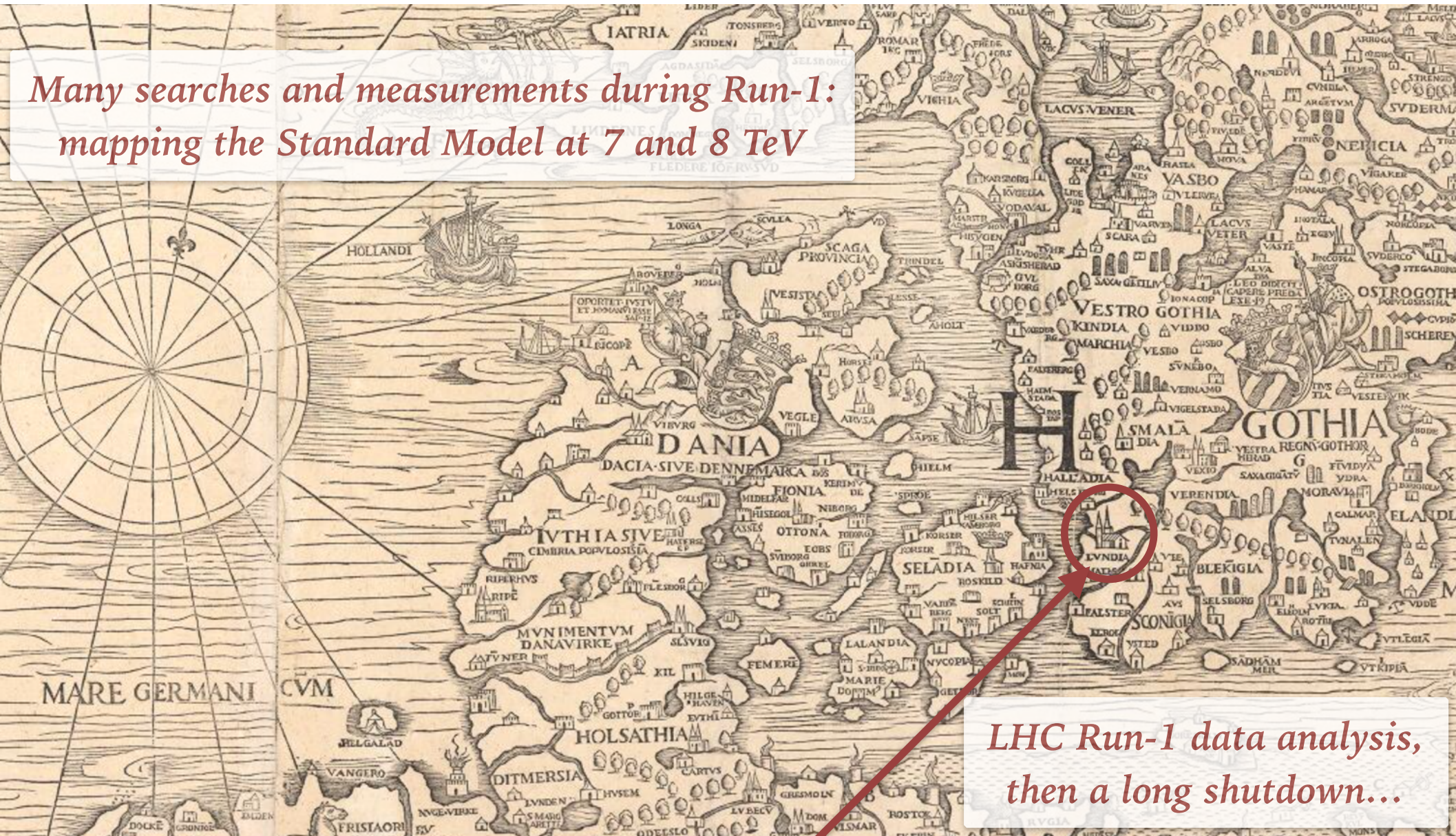
Discovery of the Higgs boson:
guided by **clues** from the **Standard Model** of particle physics



A chart of LHC searches (and discoveries)

Image from University of Uppsala

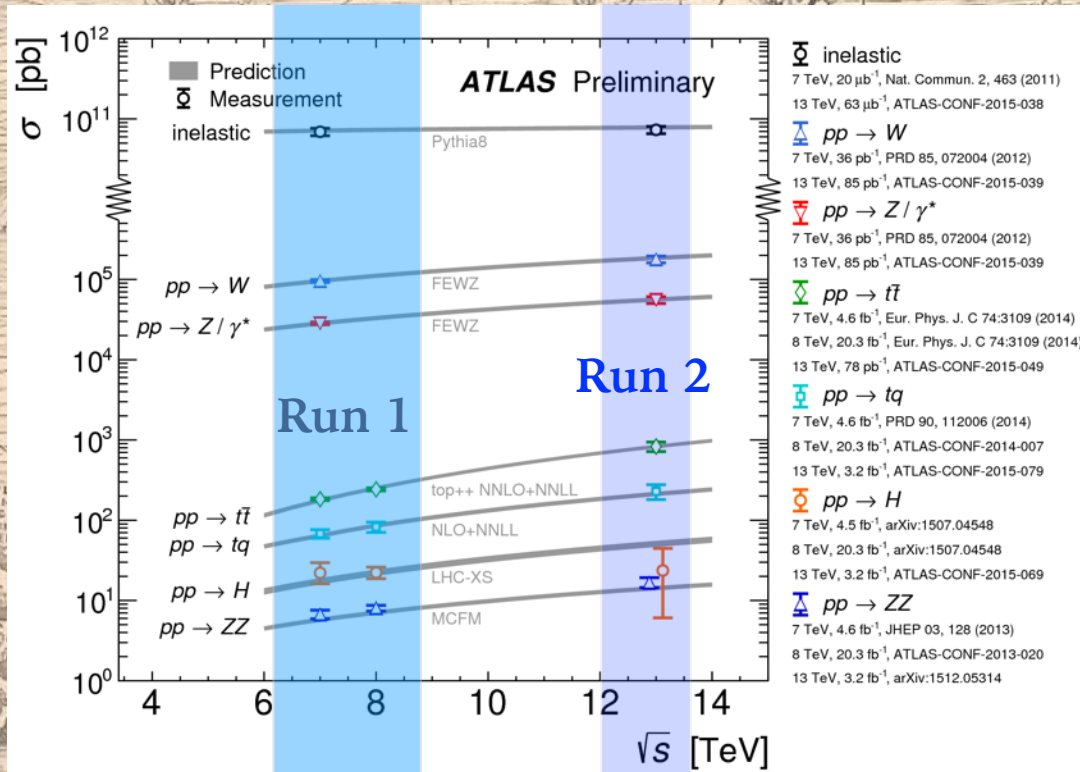
*Many searches and measurements during Run-1:
mapping the Standard Model at 7 and 8 TeV*



*LHC Run-1 data analysis,
then a long shutdown...*

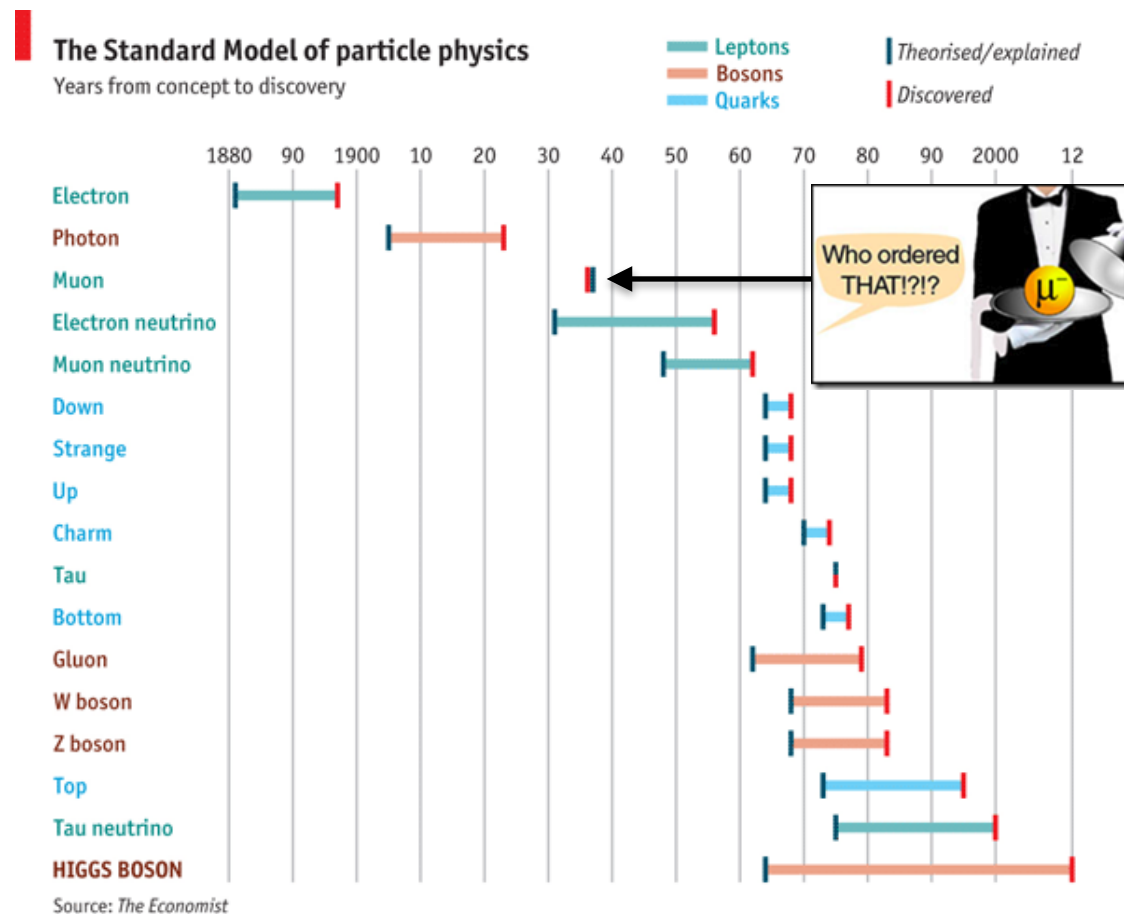
Re-charting known territories in Run 2

Image from University of Uppsala



Run-2: Rediscovering and measuring standard candles with high precision

Where to look for new particles?

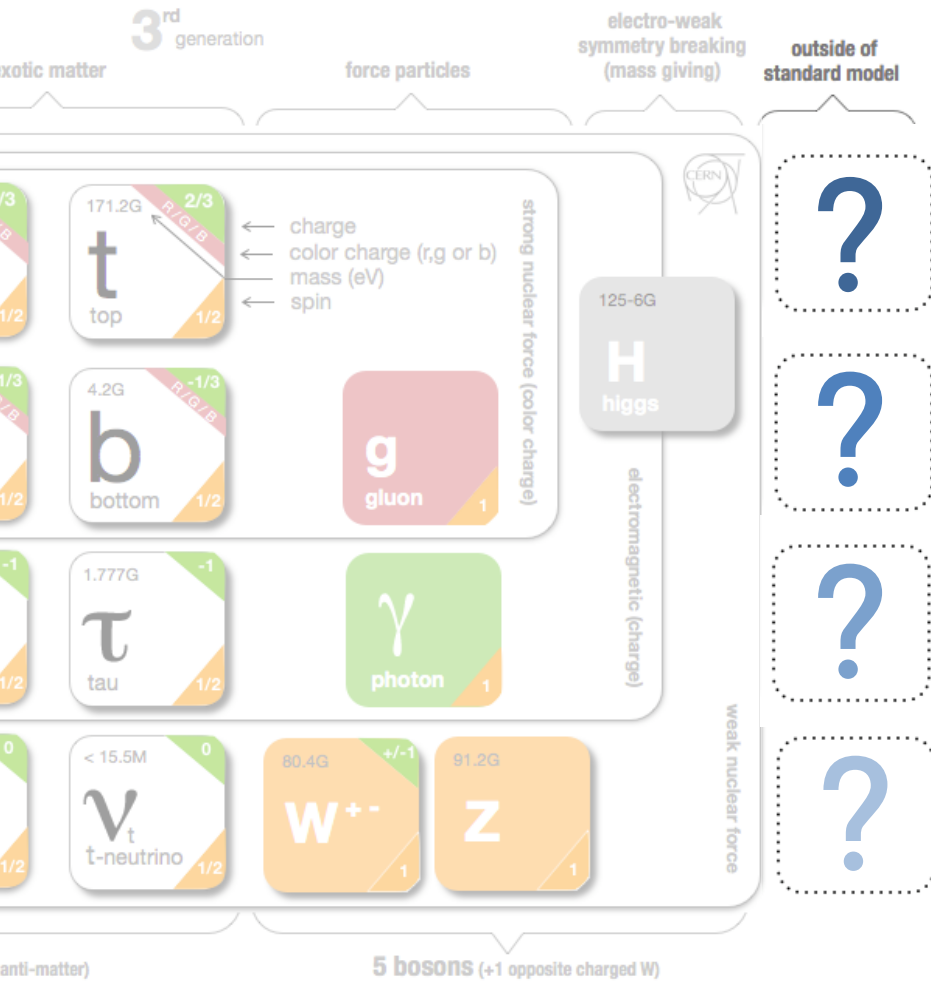


Everywhere!

design **model-independent** searches for new phenomena

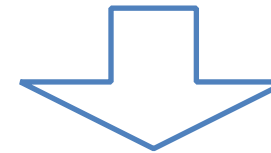
erc

Uncharted discoveries in Run 2

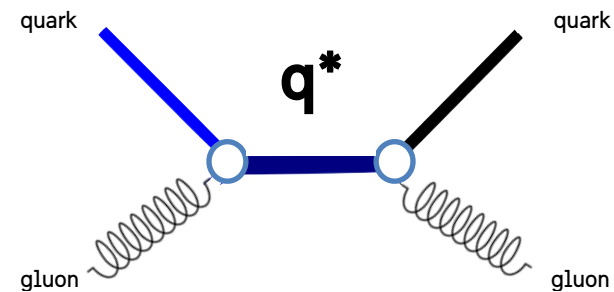


Where to look for new physics?
 Everywhere, starting with high masses

Increase of LHC energy



Increase of reach for new phenomena



Example: production rate of excited quarks (q^*) with mass of 4 TeV would **increase** by **56 times** from Run 1 to **Run 2**

Uncharted energies in Run 2

Image from University of Uppsala

*Run-2 leads to yet unexplored territories:
large increase in energy, and in dataset size*



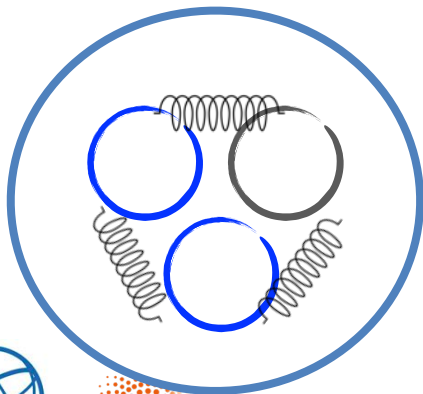
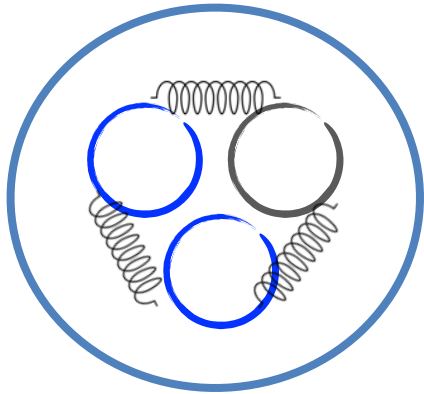
Where to start?

From the jets in DARKJETS!



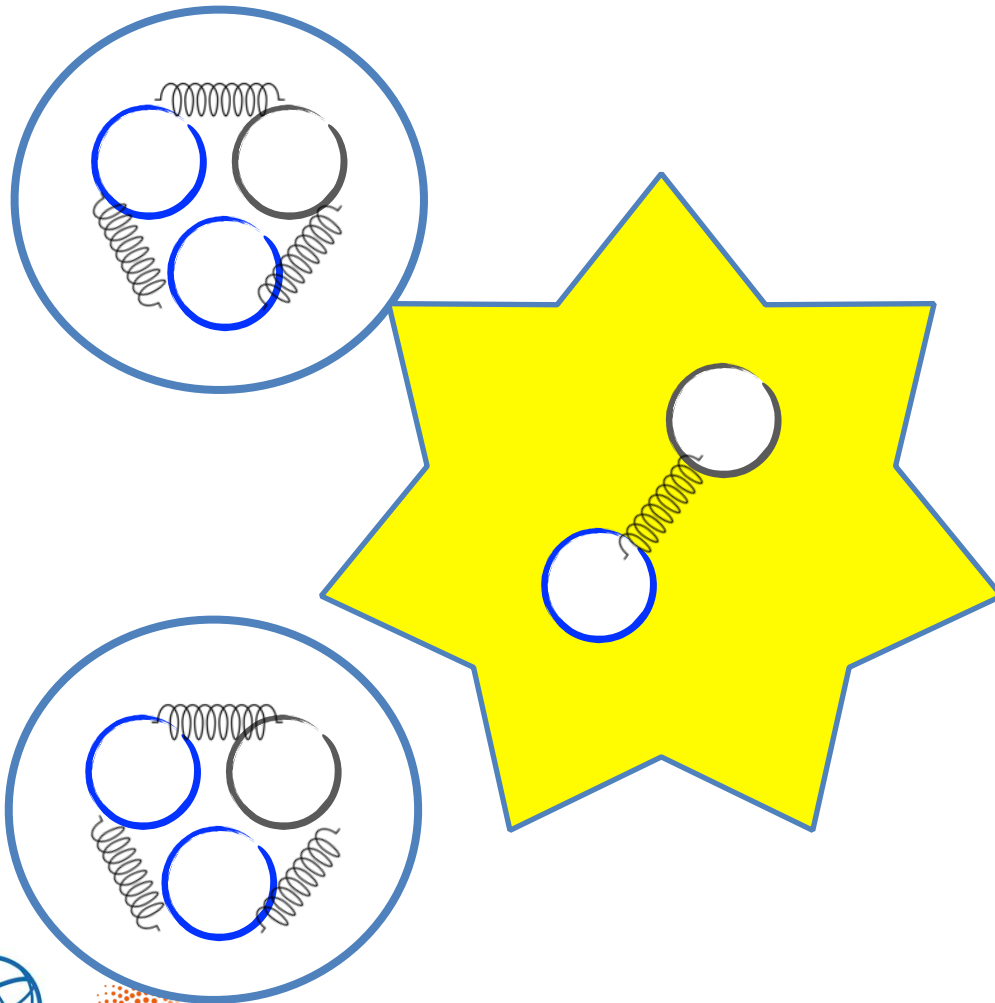
Proton-proton collisions at the LHC

Protons are made of **quarks** and gluons



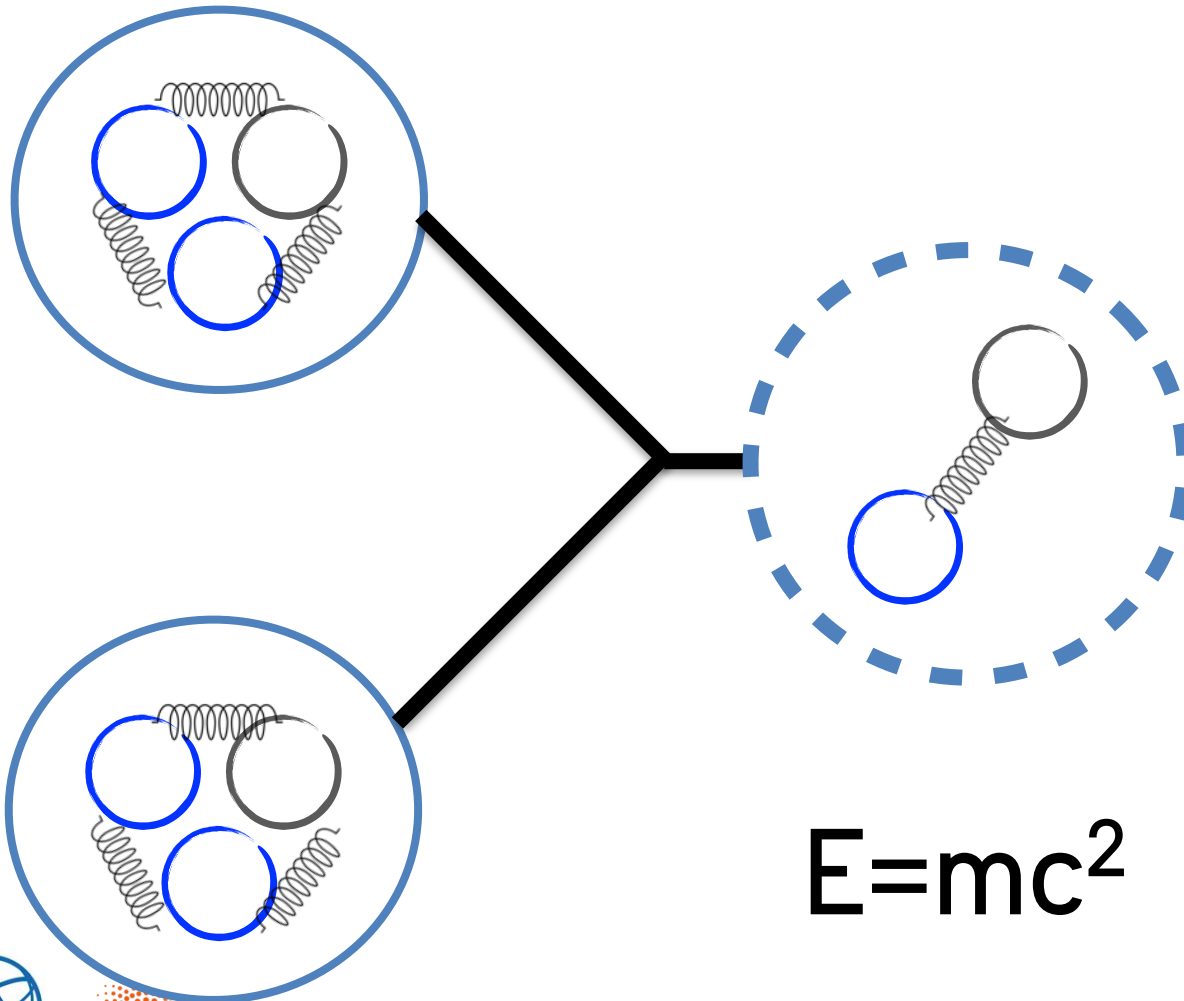
Proton-proton collisions at the LHC

...so it's the **quarks** and gluons that collide at the LHC...



New particles created at the LHC

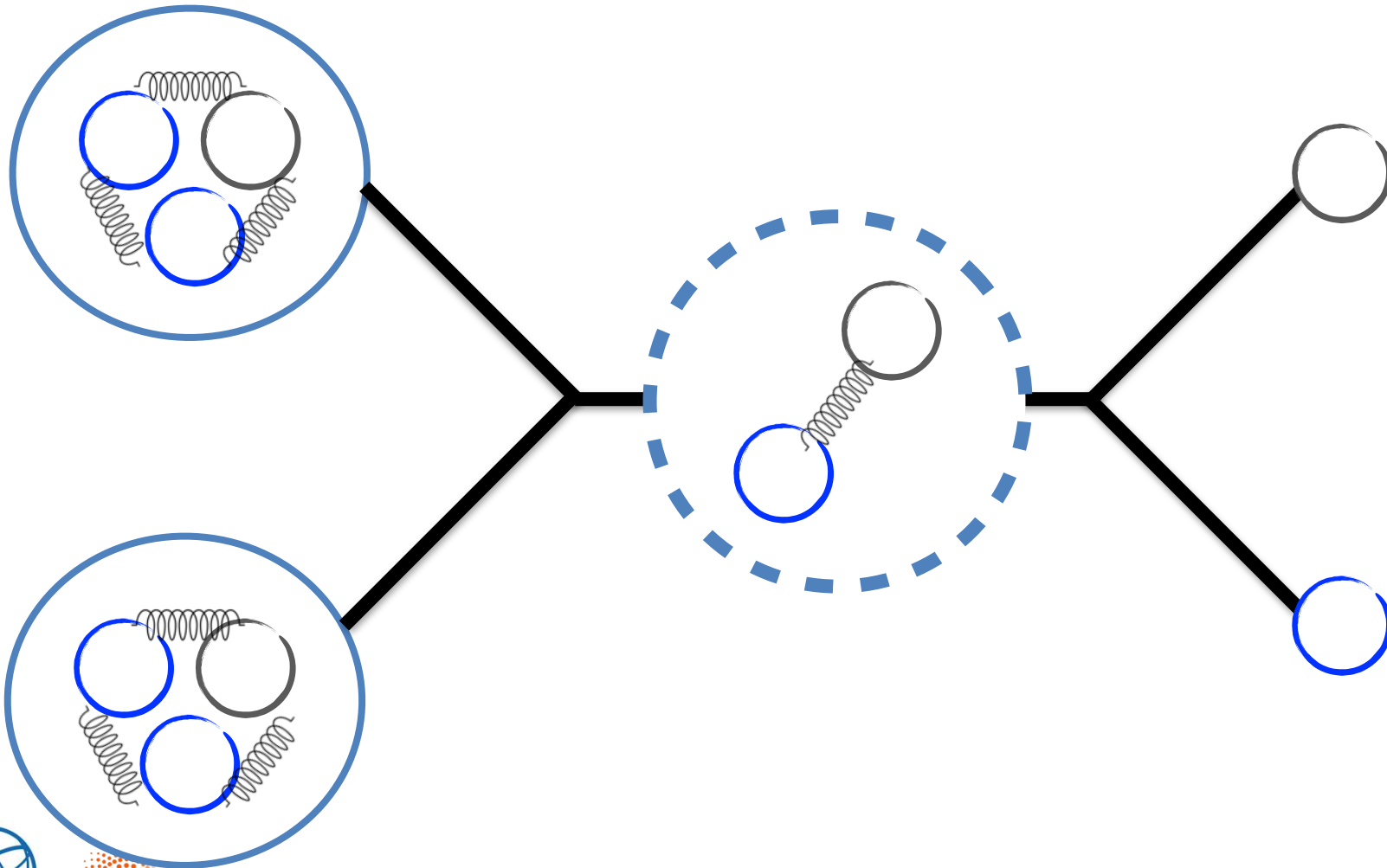
...and could create new particles...



$$E=mc^2$$

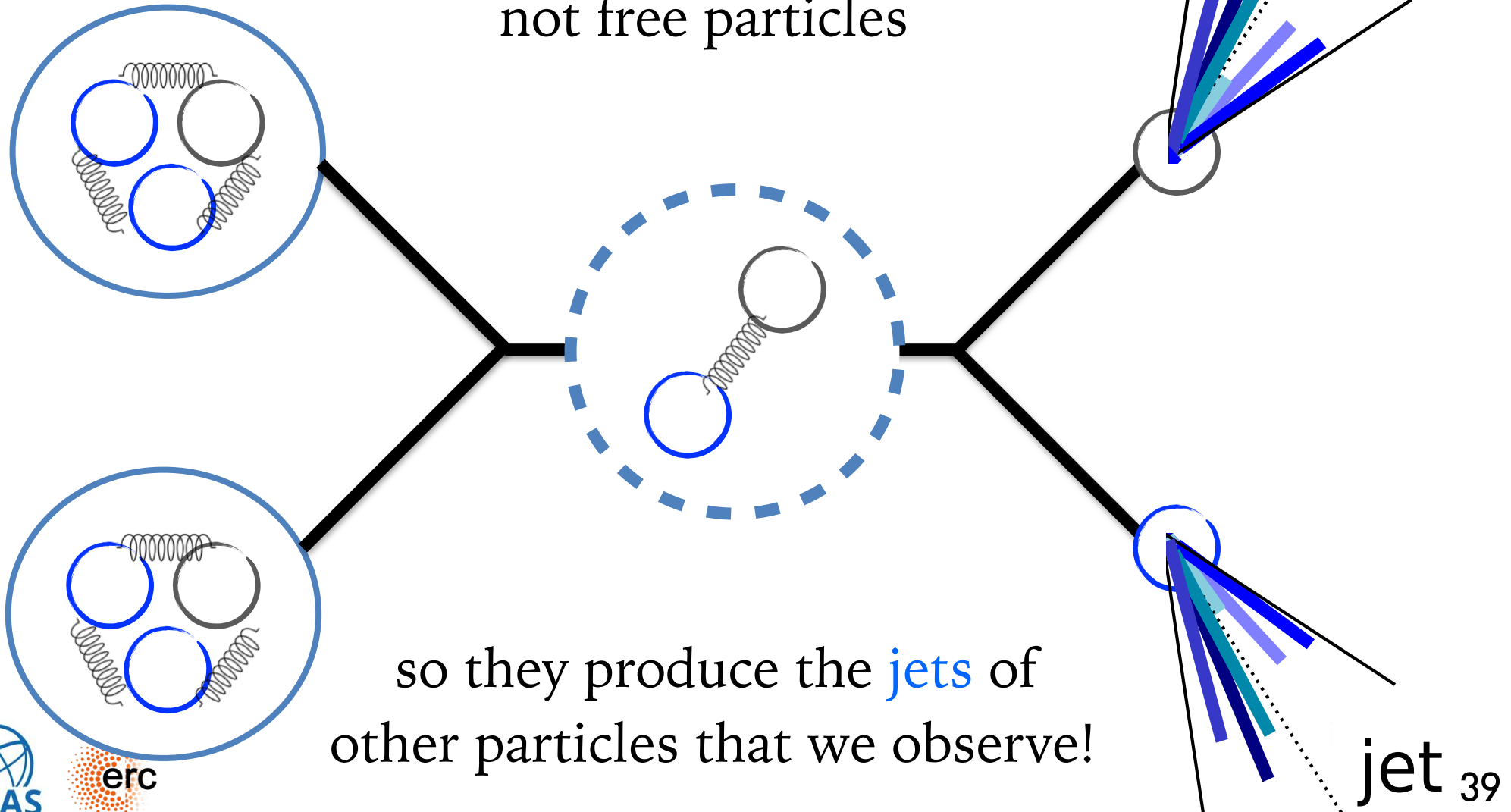
New particles created at the LHC

...which are unstable and decay again into **quarks** and gluons



Jets from new particles at the LHC

Quarks and gluons are
not free particles



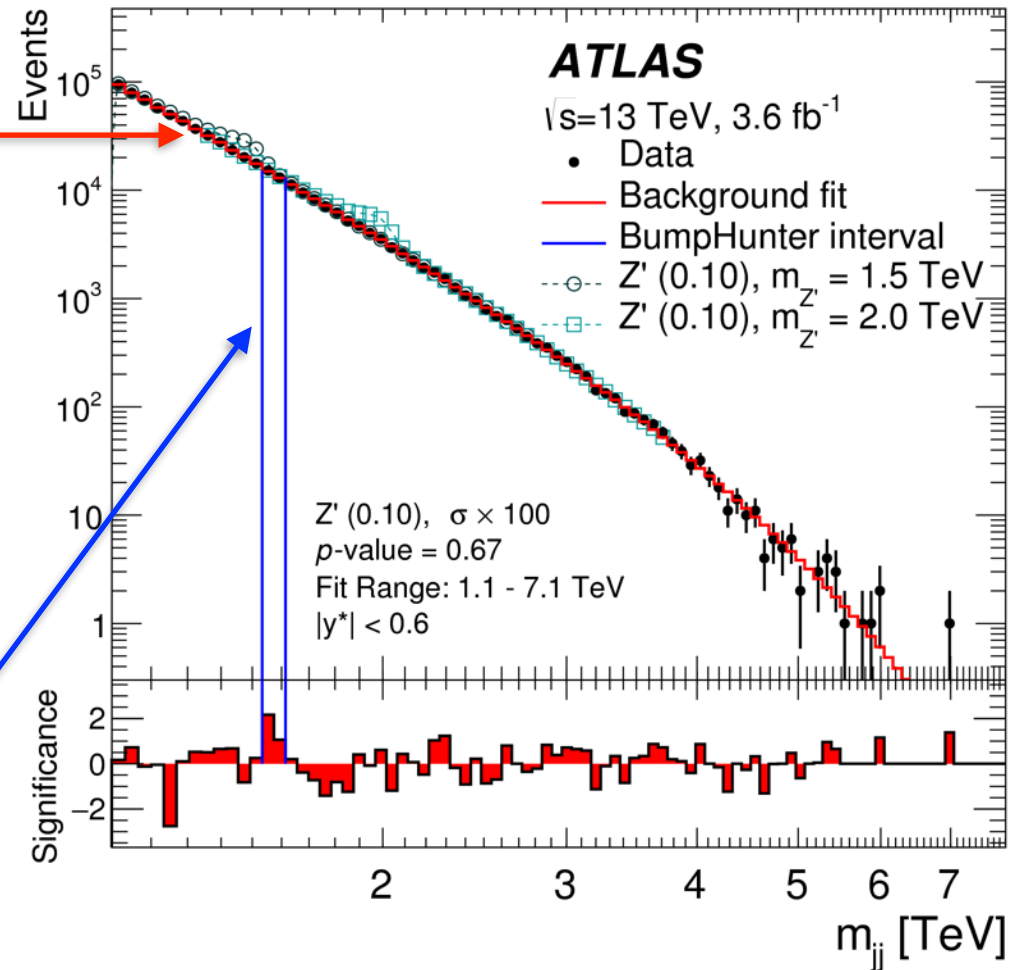
A new search for new particles

Compare **data**
with **smooth fit**:

$$f(z) = p_1(1 - z)^{p_2} z^{p_3}$$

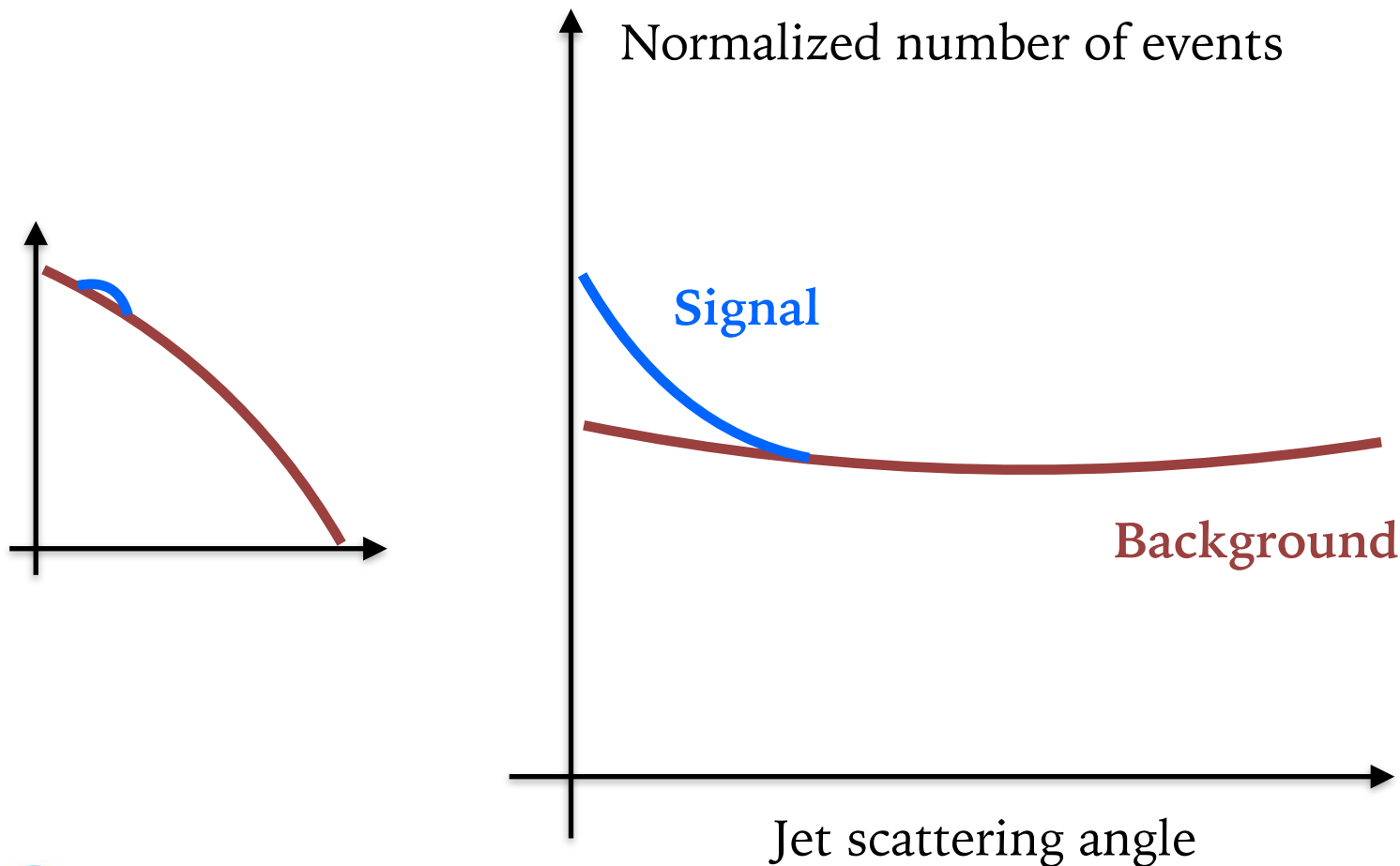
[doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2016.01.032](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.physletb.2016.01.032)

Run **BumpHunter**
algorithm to find most
significant **excess**
(not significant)



How could new phenomena manifest?

New interactions: more central production with respect to backgrounds

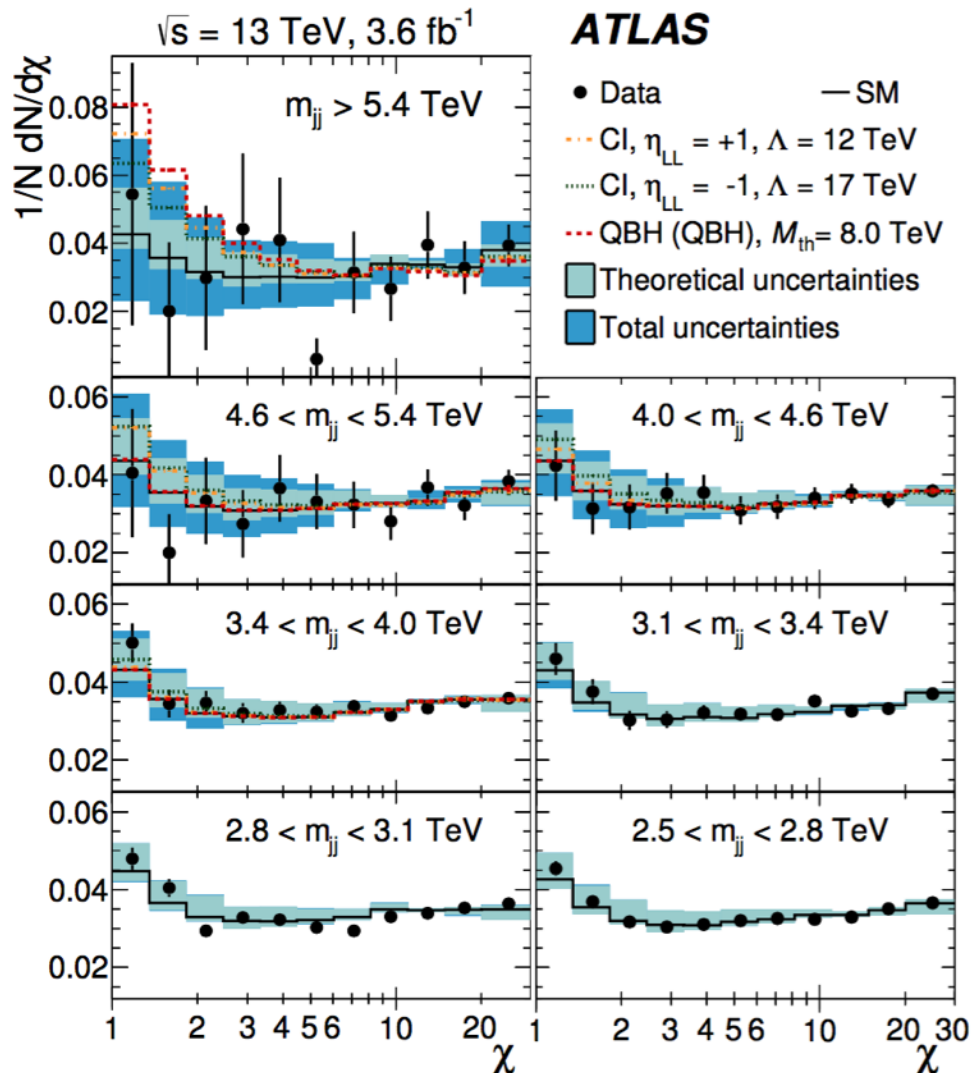


more central events

more forward events

A new search for new particles

[doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2016.01.032](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.physletb.2016.01.032)

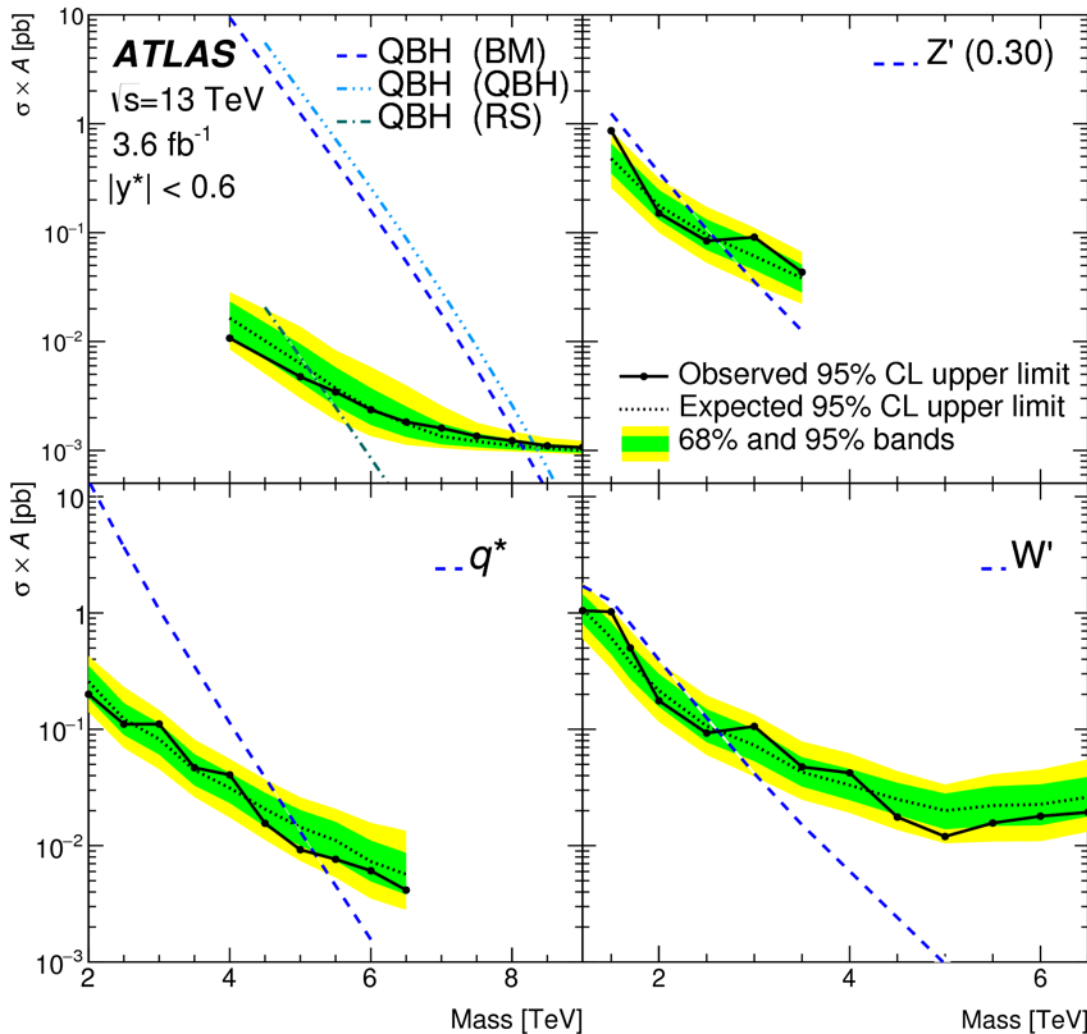


Compare **data** with
NLO-corrected QCD
from simulation

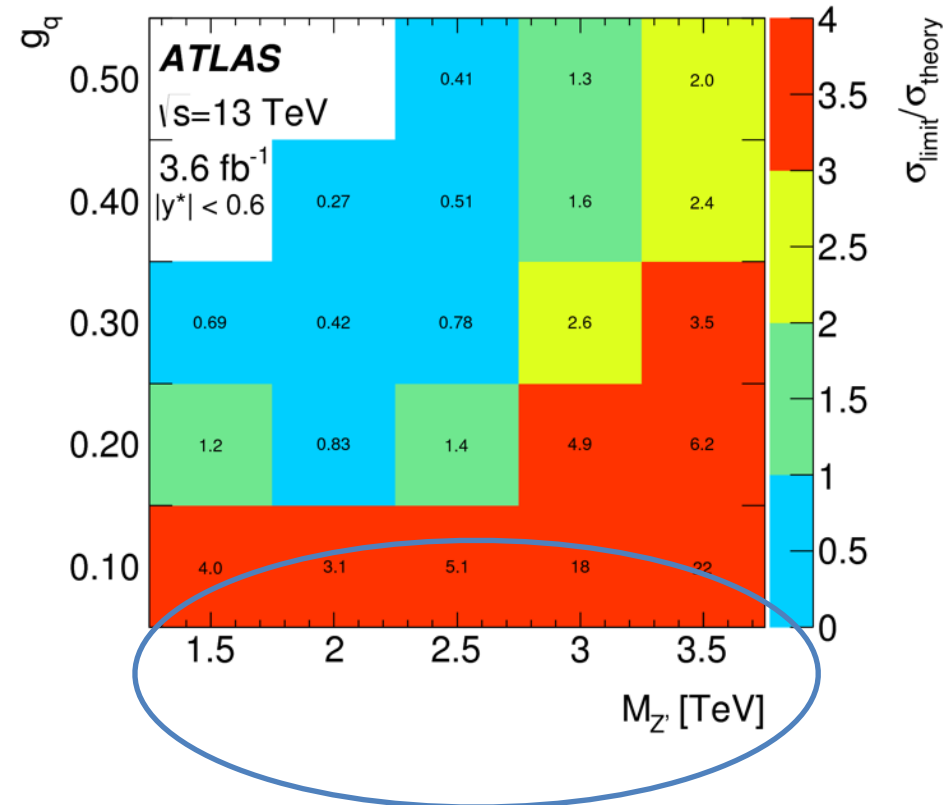
Find **compatibility**
between signal and
background
(compatible)

A new search for no new particles

Various New Physics benchmarks:



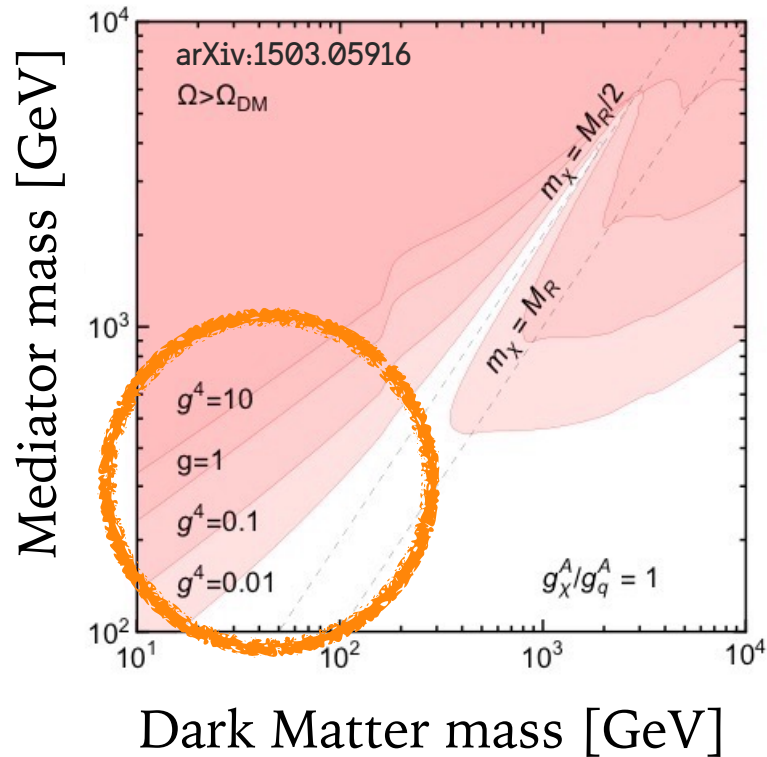
Dark Matter Mediators:



Very high particle masses!

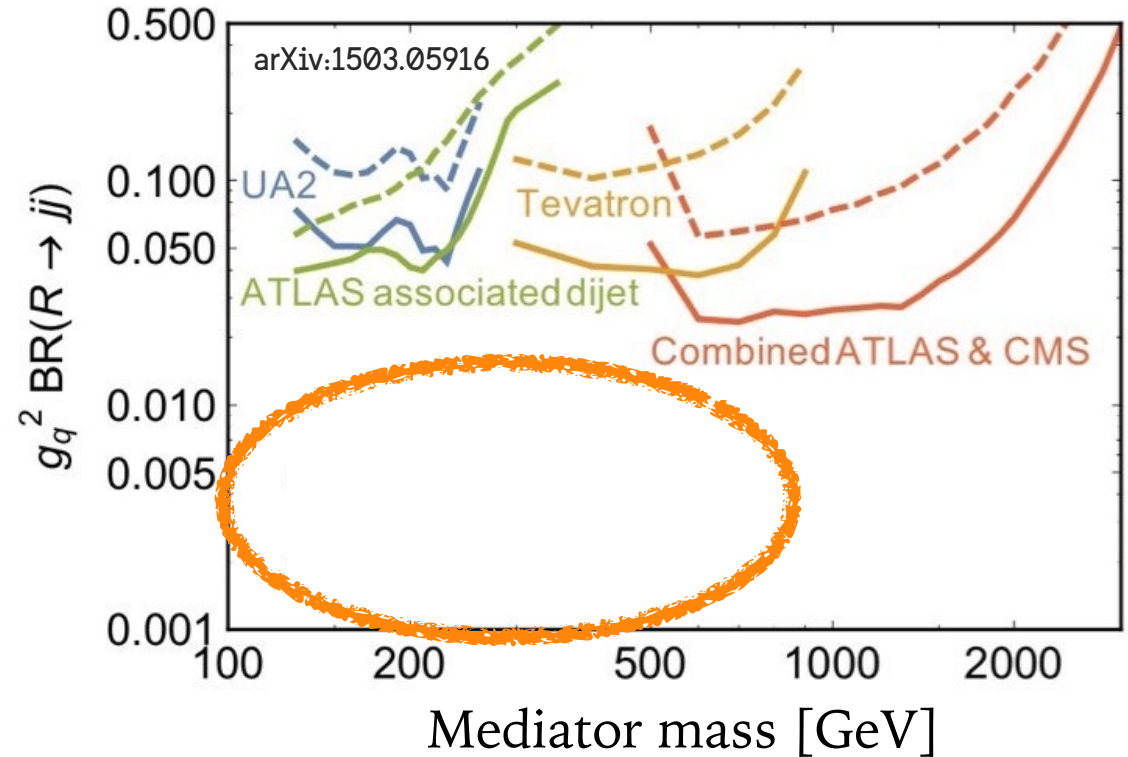
Dark Matter Mediators decays to jets

Most interesting region:
low mediator masses



Reason: compatibility
with relic density

Least constrained region:
low mediator masses

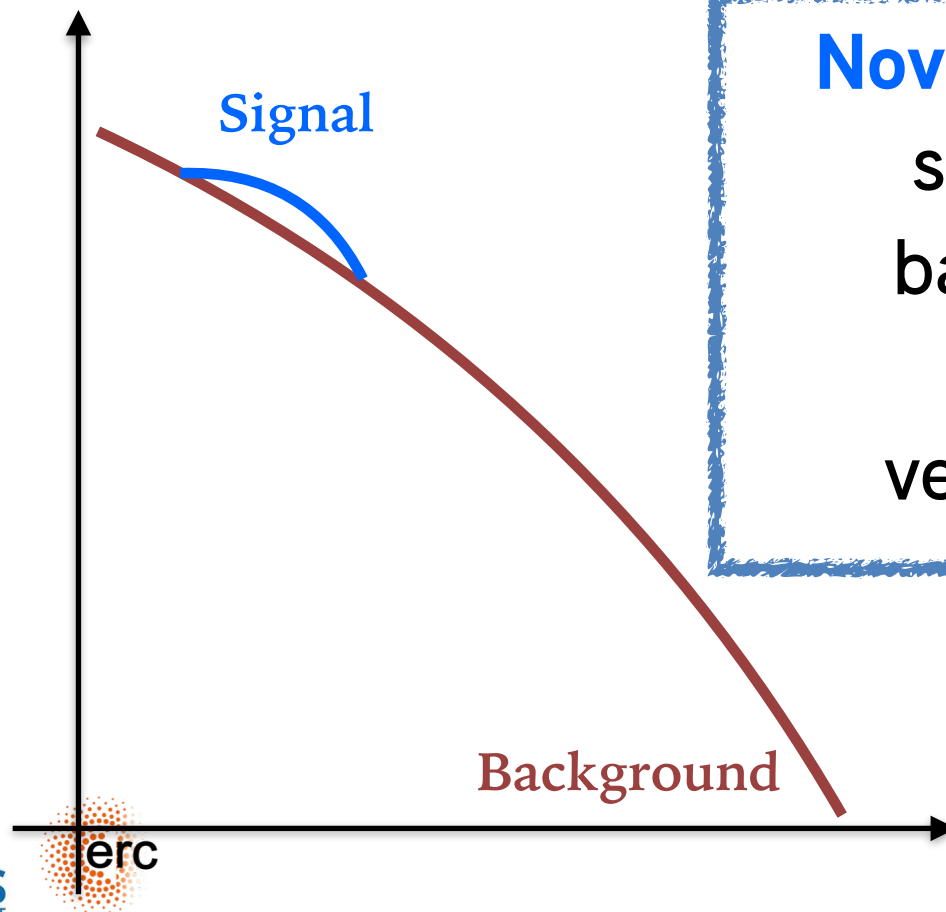


Reasons: large backgrounds
difficult to record all events

DM mediators: how they would look like

New particles: resonant excess (bump) over known particle background

Number of events



Novel aspect of DARKJETS:

search in region where
backgrounds are **higher**
and deal with
very large **data volumes**

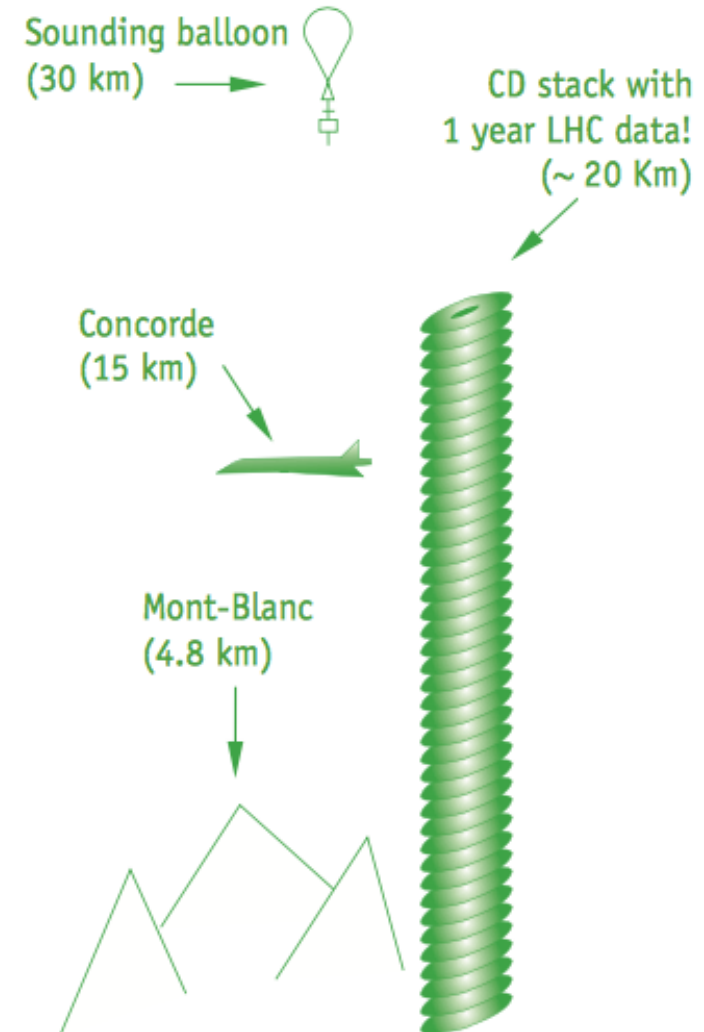
Mass of di-jet system
(\sim new particle mass)

Data volumes at the LHC

- * LHC: if everything was recorded...
 - * up to 40 million collisions/second (MHz)
 - * 1-1.5 MB/data per collision
 - * $40 \text{ MHz} * 1 \text{ MB} = 40 \text{ TB/s}$
 - * $40 \text{ TB/s} * 10^6 \text{ s/year} = 0.05 \text{ ZB/year}$
- * Facebook:
 - * 600 TB/day ~ 200 PB/year [\[Facebook\]](#)

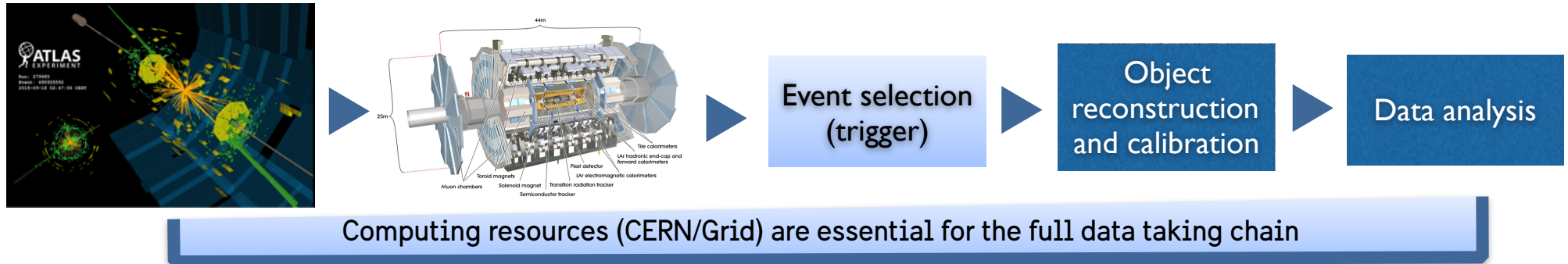
LHC experiments need to:

1. **process** all data, fast
2. **select** only interesting events



(after selecting interesting events)

Data taking and computing



Trigger and data acquisition: select interesting events

First step: **fast hardware selection (Level 1)**

Run-1 data taking rate: 75000 events/second (75 kHz)

Run-2 data taking rate: 100 kHz

Second step: **computer farm (High-Level Trigger)**

Run-1 data taking rate: 400 Hz

Run-2 data taking rate: 1000 Hz

Limitations to recording all data

Limited by:

fast read-out of $\mathcal{O}(100\text{M})$ detector channels
computing resources (reconstruction)
disk storage (saving for further processing)
everyone else's favourite physics channel

$$\text{Bandwidth} = \text{Event rate} \times \text{Event size}$$

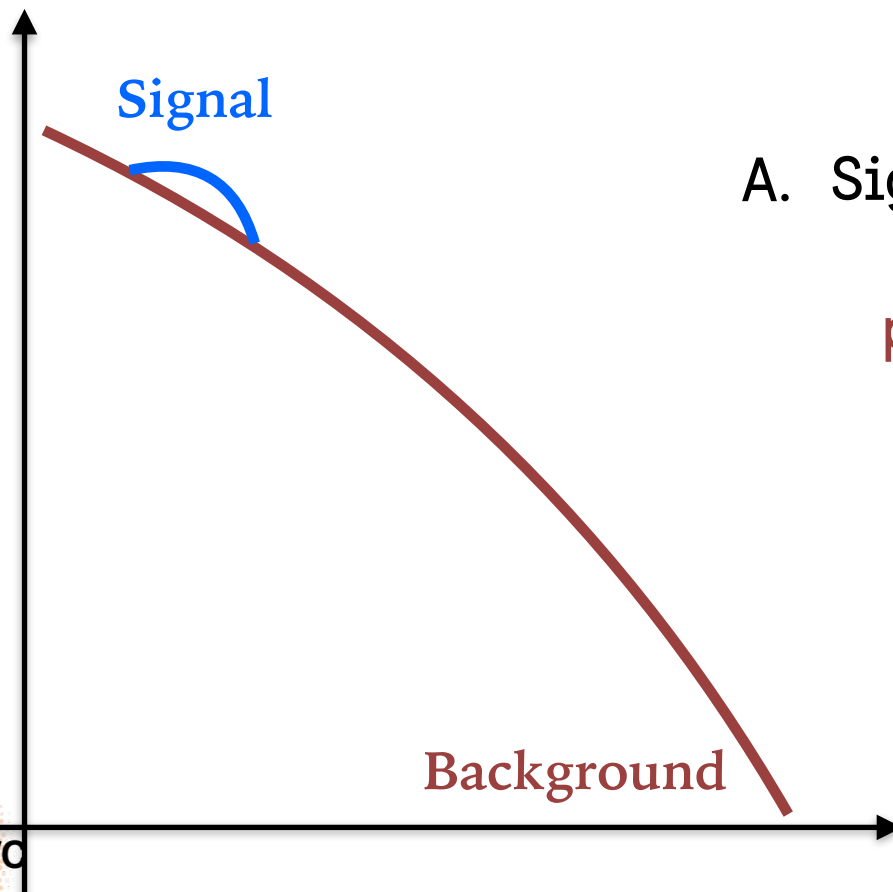
LHC: 40 MHz
ATLAS: 1 kHz
LHCb: 12.5 kHz
CMS: 1 kHz

(Reconstructed)
ATLAS: $\mathcal{O}(\text{MB})$
LHCb: ~ 100 kB
CMS: $\mathcal{O}(\text{MB})$

Signals and backgrounds with jets

Main challenge for jet searches: **large backgrounds**

Number of events



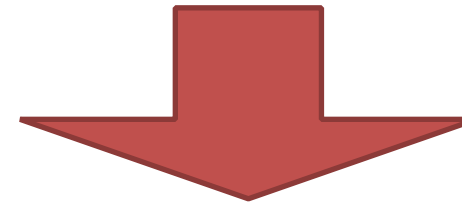
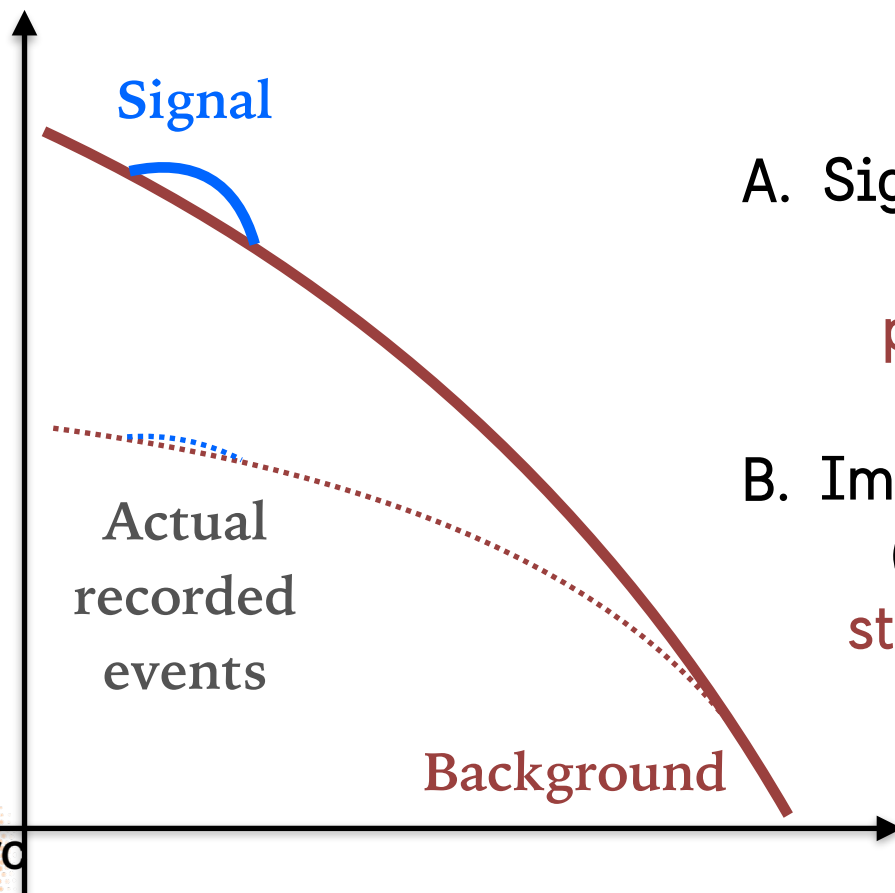
- A. Signal overwhelmed by background
if no discriminating power
poor sensitivity to new physics!

Mass of di-jet system
(\sim new particle mass)

Signals and backgrounds with jets

Main challenge for jet searches: **large backgrounds**

Number of events

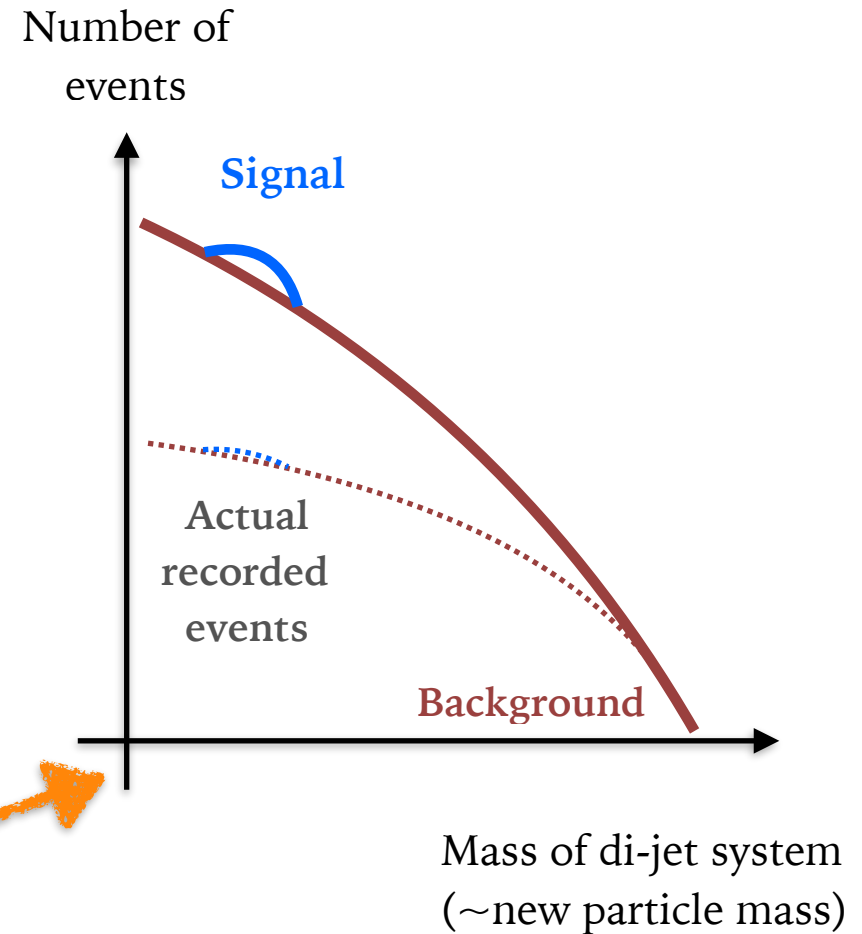
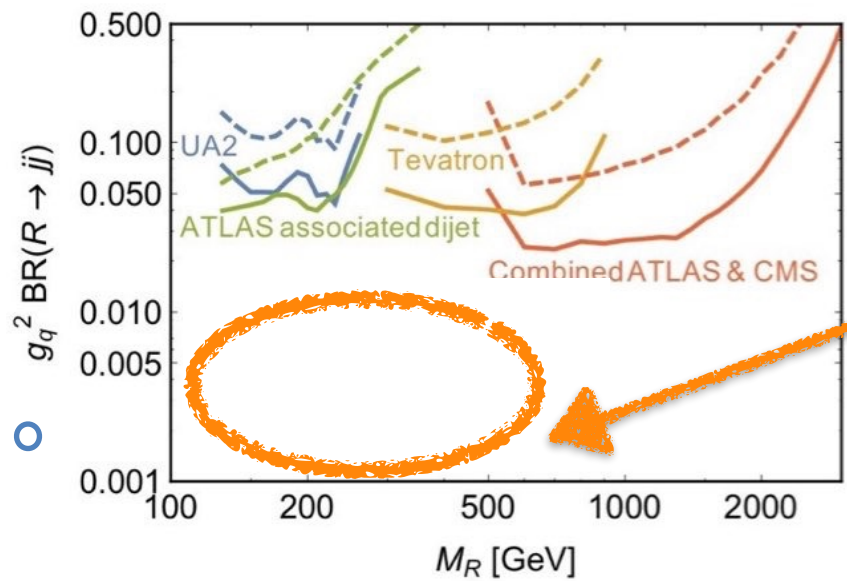
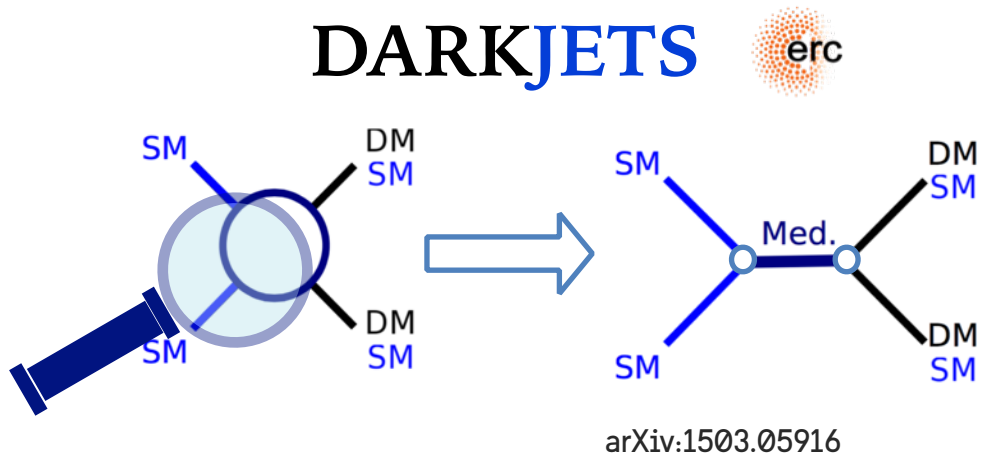


- A. Signal overwhelmed by background:
if no discriminating power
poor sensitivity to new physics!
- B. Impossible to record all events fully:
(**ATLAS trigger system** needed)
statistical error harms sensitivity!

Mass of di-jet system
(\sim new particle mass)

Dark Matter mediators

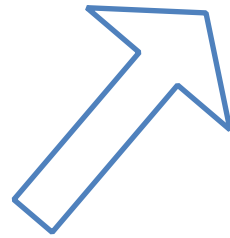
Where to look for new physics?
Keep looking, also at **low masses**



Reason: cannot record all events
due to limited bandwidth/storage

(One of the) DARKJETS idea(s)

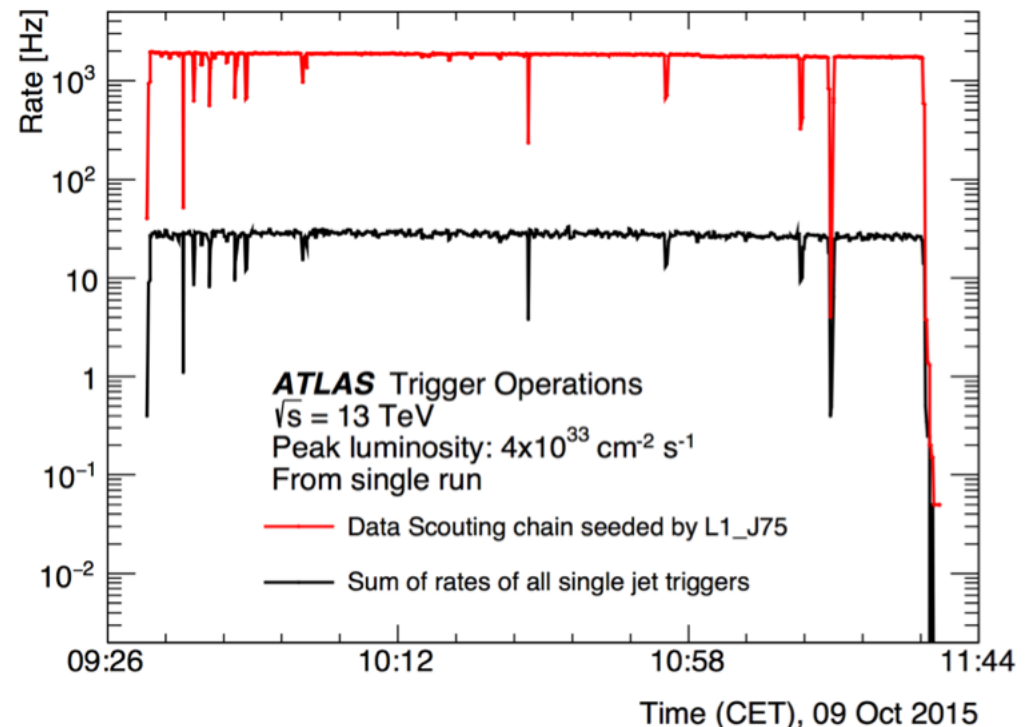
$$\text{Bandwidth} = \text{Event rate} \times \text{Event size}$$



Event rate can be increased
if **event size** is smaller!

do the analysis at the trigger level
Trigger-Level Analysis (TLA)

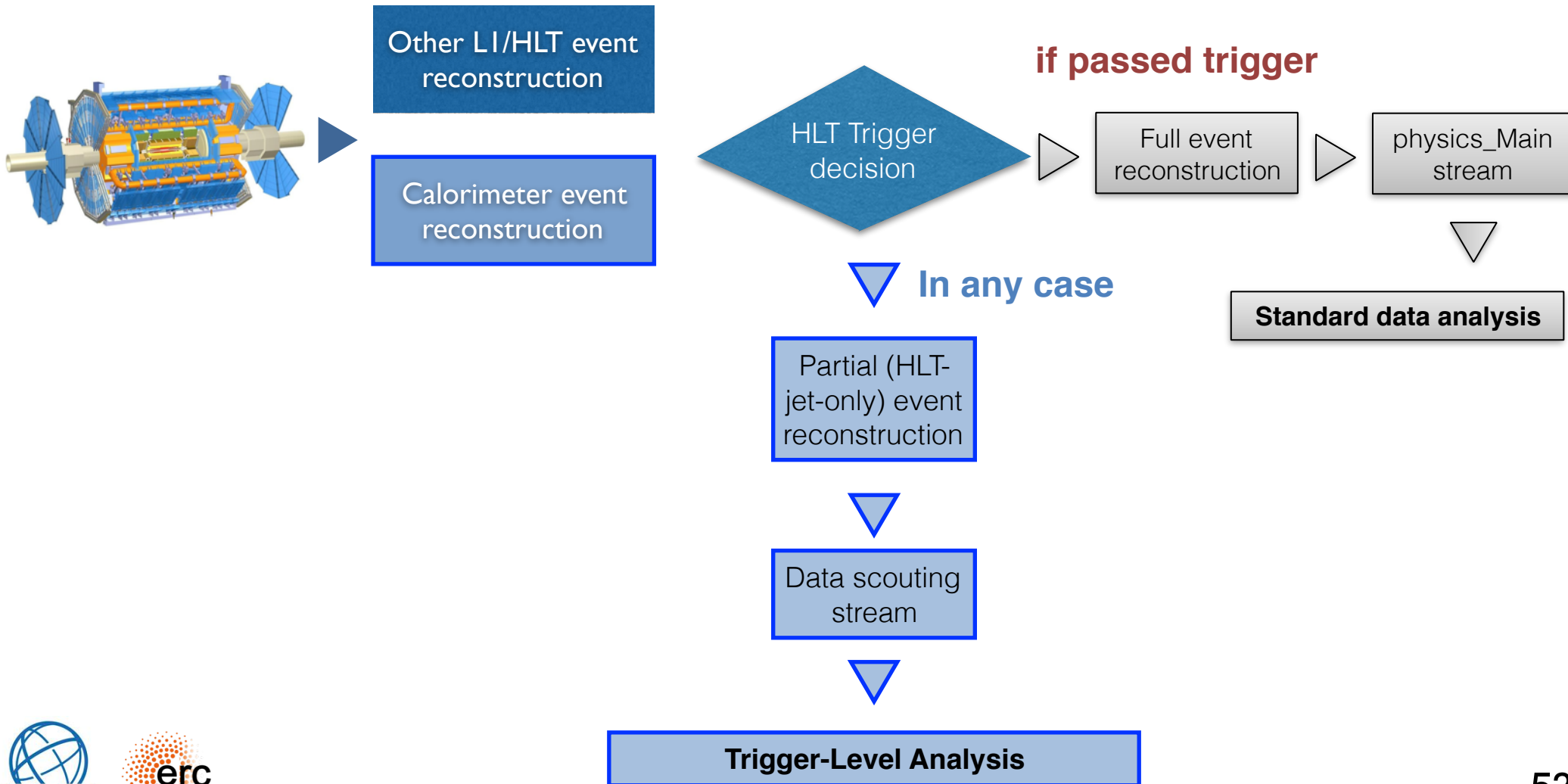
(...requires **online** detector
calibration and reconstruction)



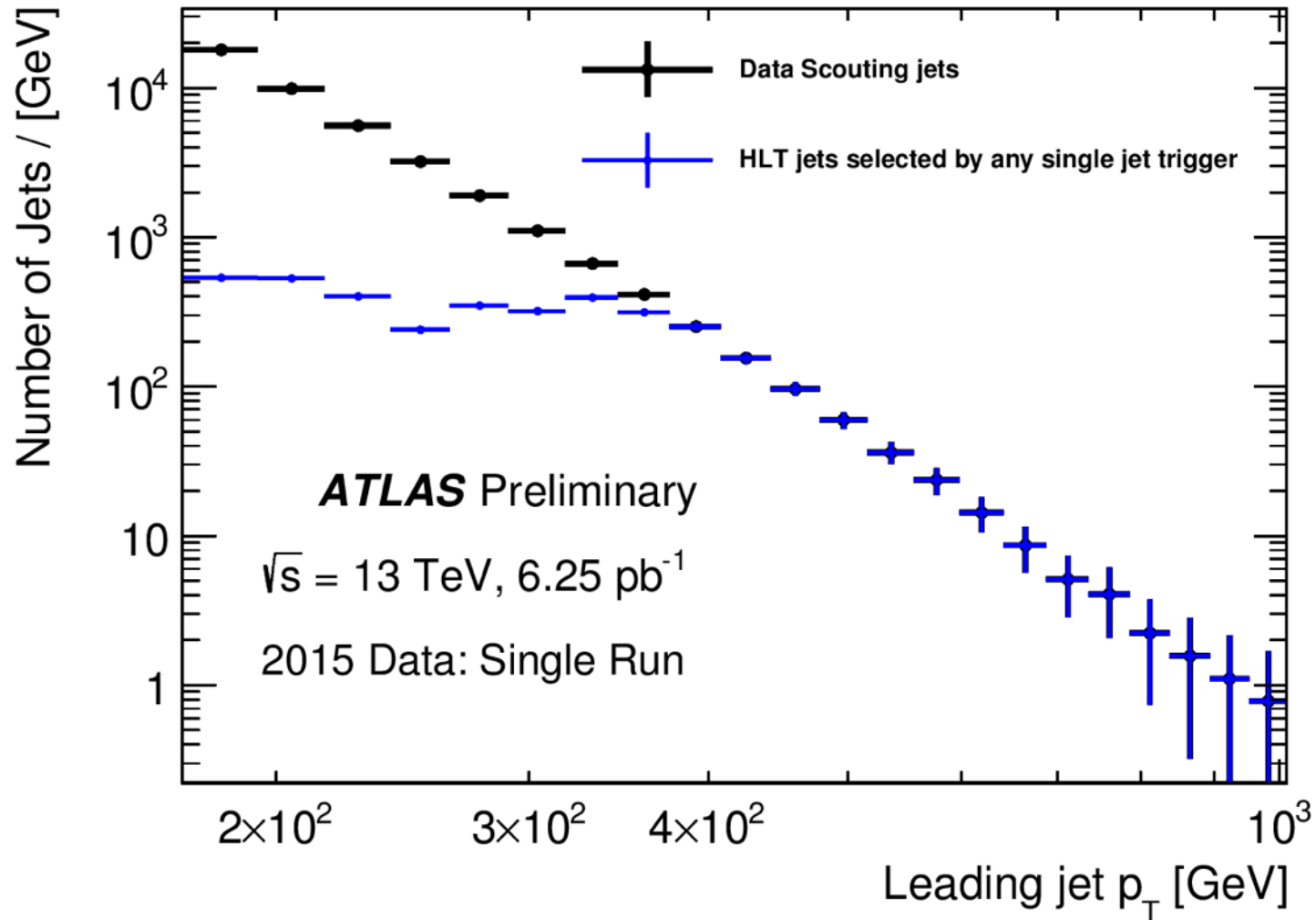
Rate of events recorded \propto events available for analysis

A TLA Analysis workflow

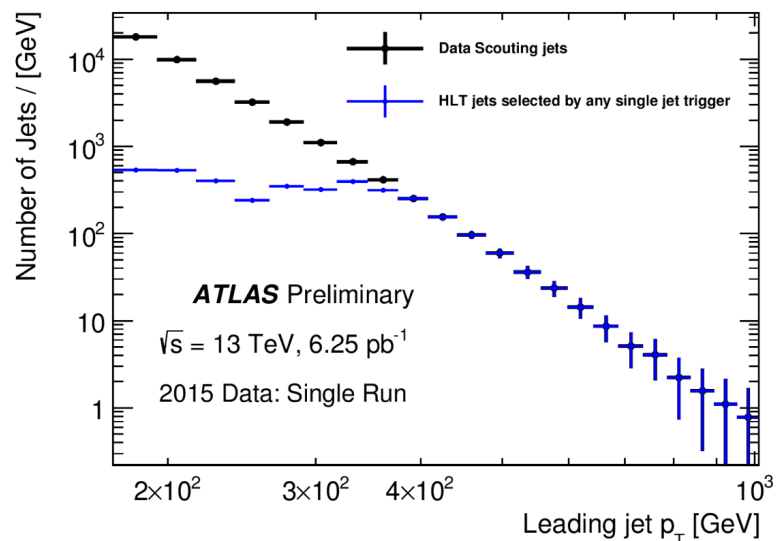
See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Three-letter_acronym
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/RAS_syndrome



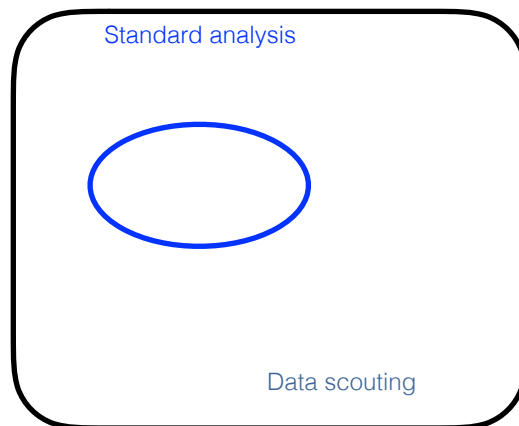
A TLA with real data



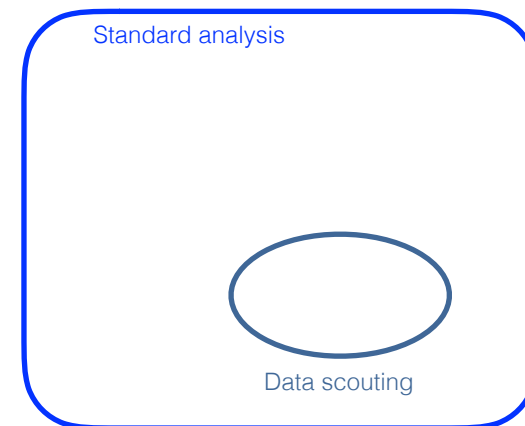
A TLA with real data



Events recorded



Information in event

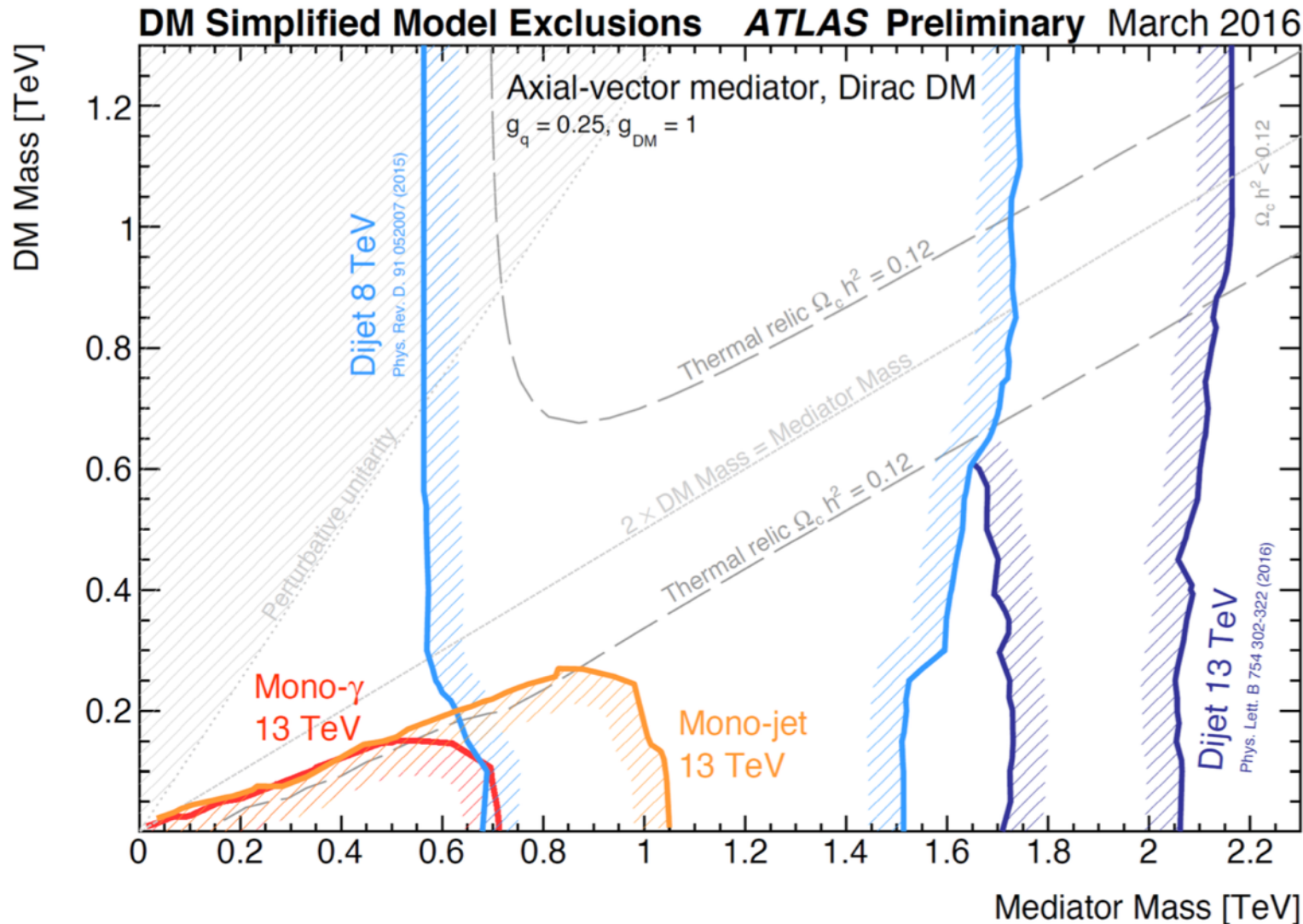


Challenge: ensure same performance of partial and full event reconstruction

Advantages:

- 1) data format is much smaller and simpler (-> can record more of it)
- 2) strike a balance between data complexity and precision
- 3) pave the way for self-calibrating, self-learning detectors
- 4) automate as much as possible

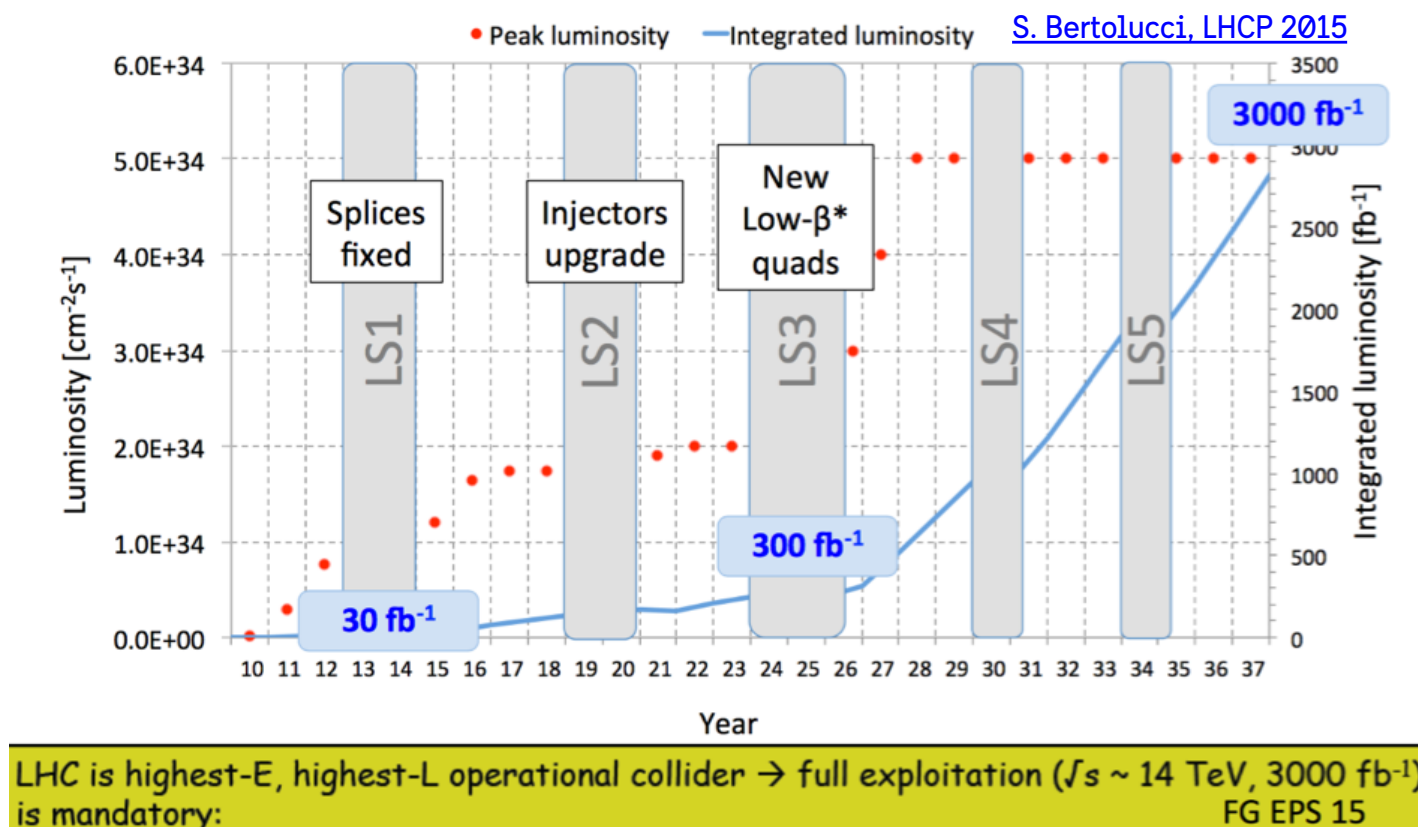
TLA in the near future of the LHC



Demonstration that searching for the mediator is effective!

TLA in the future of the LHC

LHC upgrades: keep the energy fixed, increase the amount of data collected



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Techniques like real-time analyses and Trigger Level Analyses needed!

DARK**JETS** in ATLAS and in Lund

The ATLAS Collaboration

Only $< 1/10$ of the ATLAS collaboration shown here
(find me, and maybe Waldo too)



**>500 papers
as of today**

28 public results
with **full 2015 dataset**
released within 5 weeks
after end of p-p data taking

If you're curious about diphotons...

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/December2015-13TeV>

38 countries, ~180 universities,
>1000 students



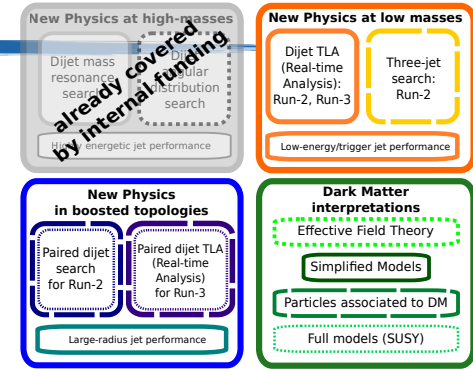


The author-list of an ATLAS paper



The DARKJETS team

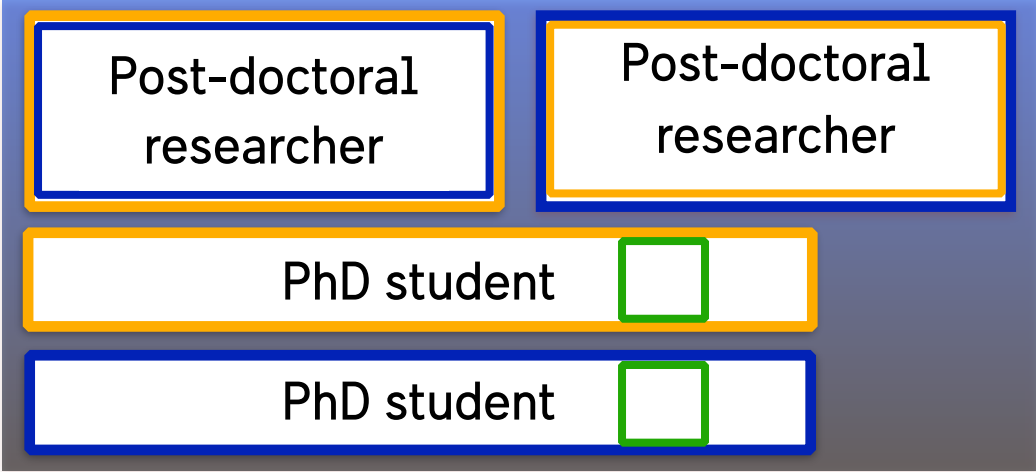
Discovering new physics and DM with jets at the LHC (DARKJETS)



Lund ATLAS group
7 senior members, PhD students,
Master's students, engineers
New physics searches with jets and leptons

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

CD,
Principal Investigator



Lund ALICE group
Heavy ions and jet physics

Lund theory group
LHC and QCD phenomenology

Collaboration and network within ATLAS
Physicist from different institutes
with complementary expertise

LHC Run 2 has started!

LHC proton-proton collisions restarted in June 2015 at 13 Tera-electronVolt

First Stable Beams



Photo: CERN

the LHC is back in business!
(all IPs optimized)

proton-proton collisions at 13 TeV

Run: 266904
Event: 9393006
2015-06-03 10:40:31 CEST

Stay tuned for more news
from the DARK(JETS) side...

ATLAS
PHYSICS

FLAMINGTEXT.COM

 **ATLAS**
EXPERIMENT
<http://atlas.ch>

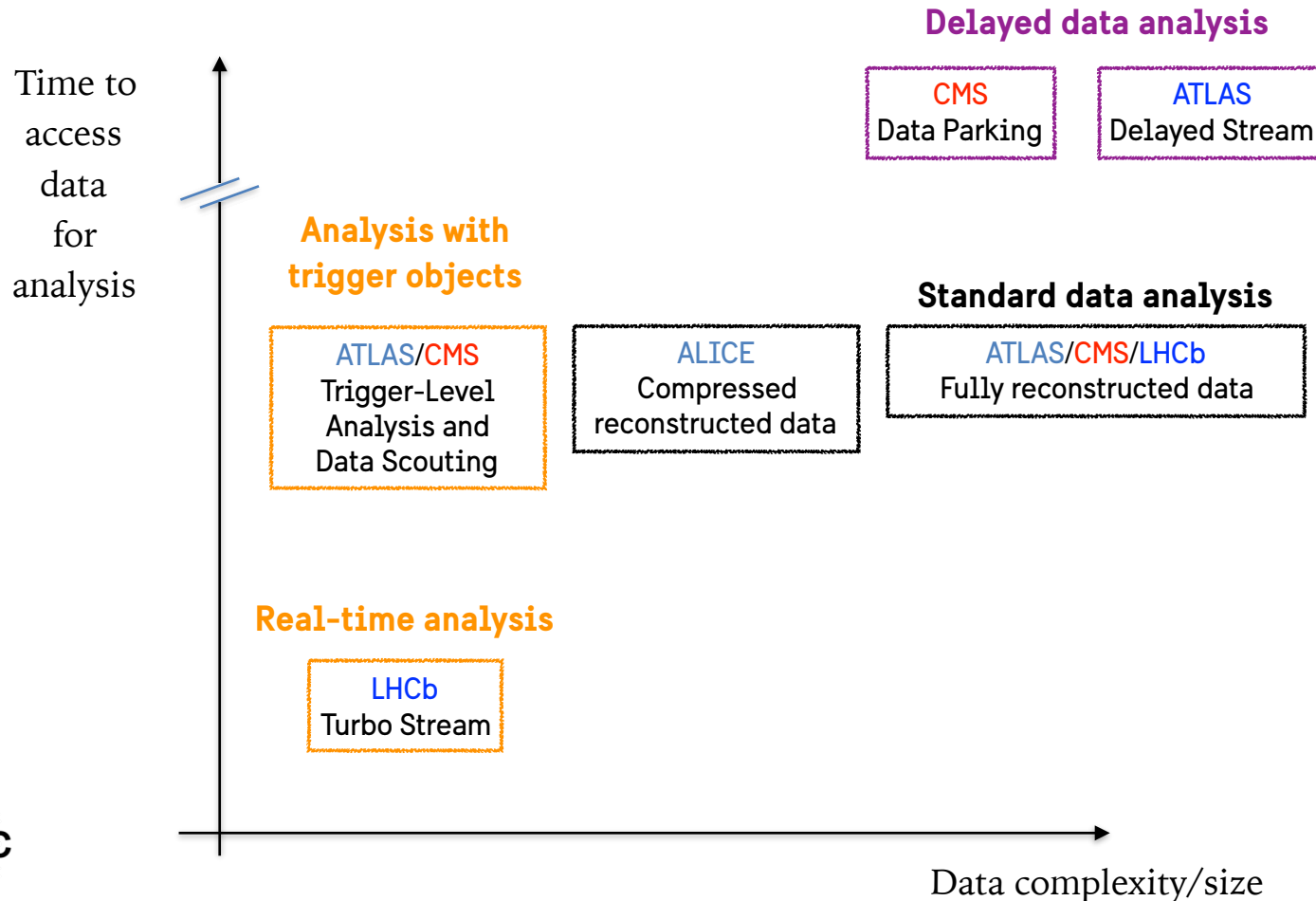
Run: 280673
Event: 1273922482
2015-09-29 15:32:53 CEST

Thanks for your attention!

Trigger-level and real-time LHC analysis

Key concept: since storage is limited, reduce data size/complexity to increase rate of recorded data
(One step further: do not keep data, analyse it directly online)

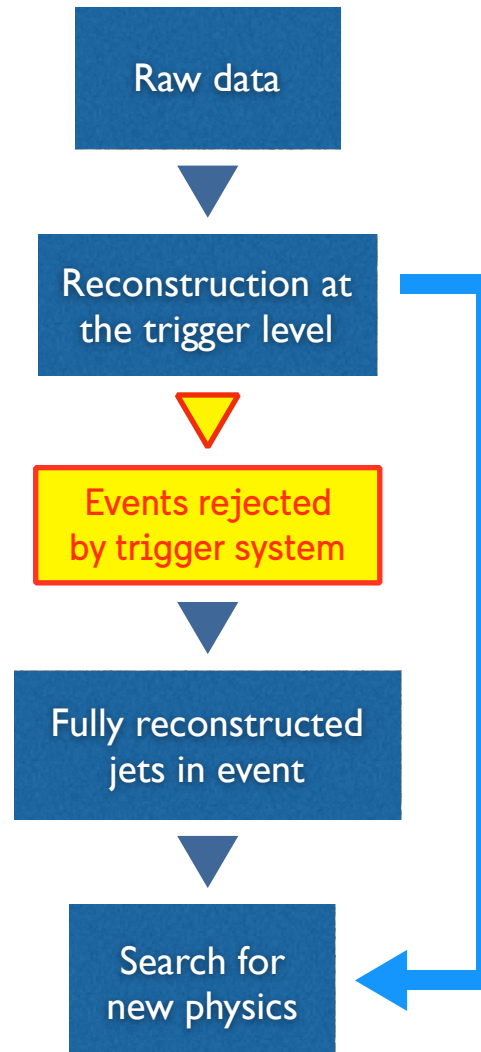
All four LHC experiments use Data Scouting/Trigger-Level Analysis techniques to make the most of LHC data



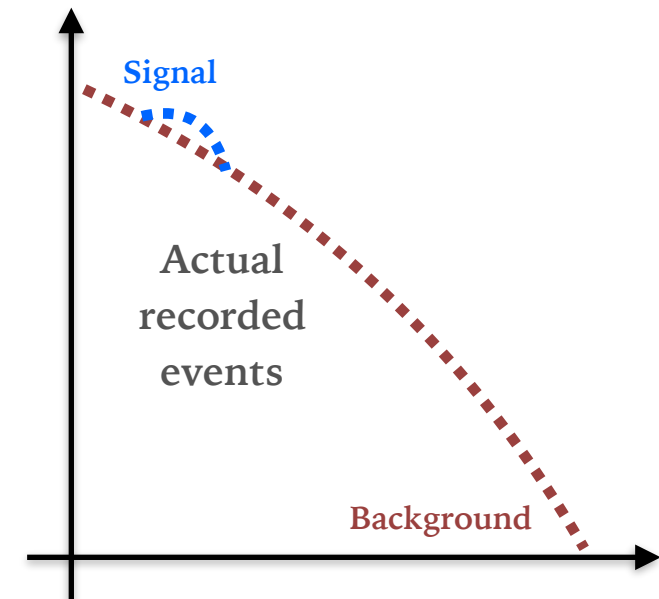
Signals and backgrounds with jets

My solutions to overcome backgrounds within DARKJETS:

1. Make it possible to analyse all events:
Use jet-only events with trigger-level analysis that I introduced in ATLAS



Number of events

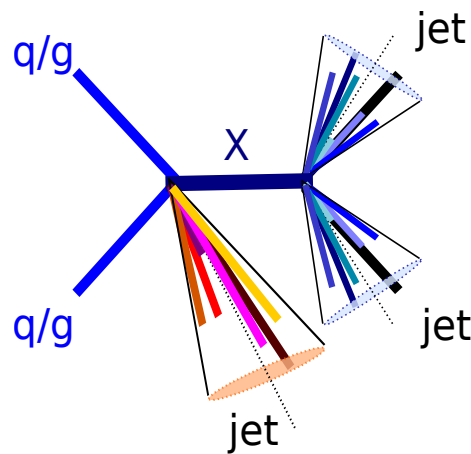


Mass of di-jet system
(~new particle mass)

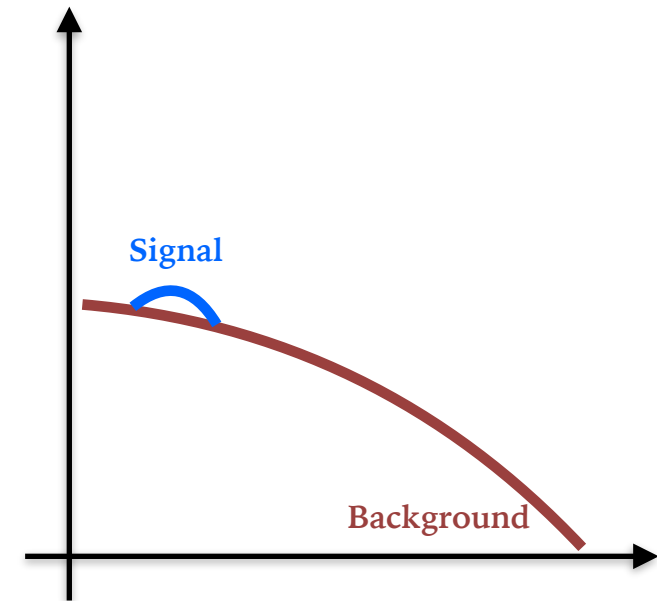
Signals and backgrounds with jets

My solutions to overcome backgrounds within DARKJETS:

2. Use decay topologies with less backgrounds
dijet + energetic object from radiation



Number of events

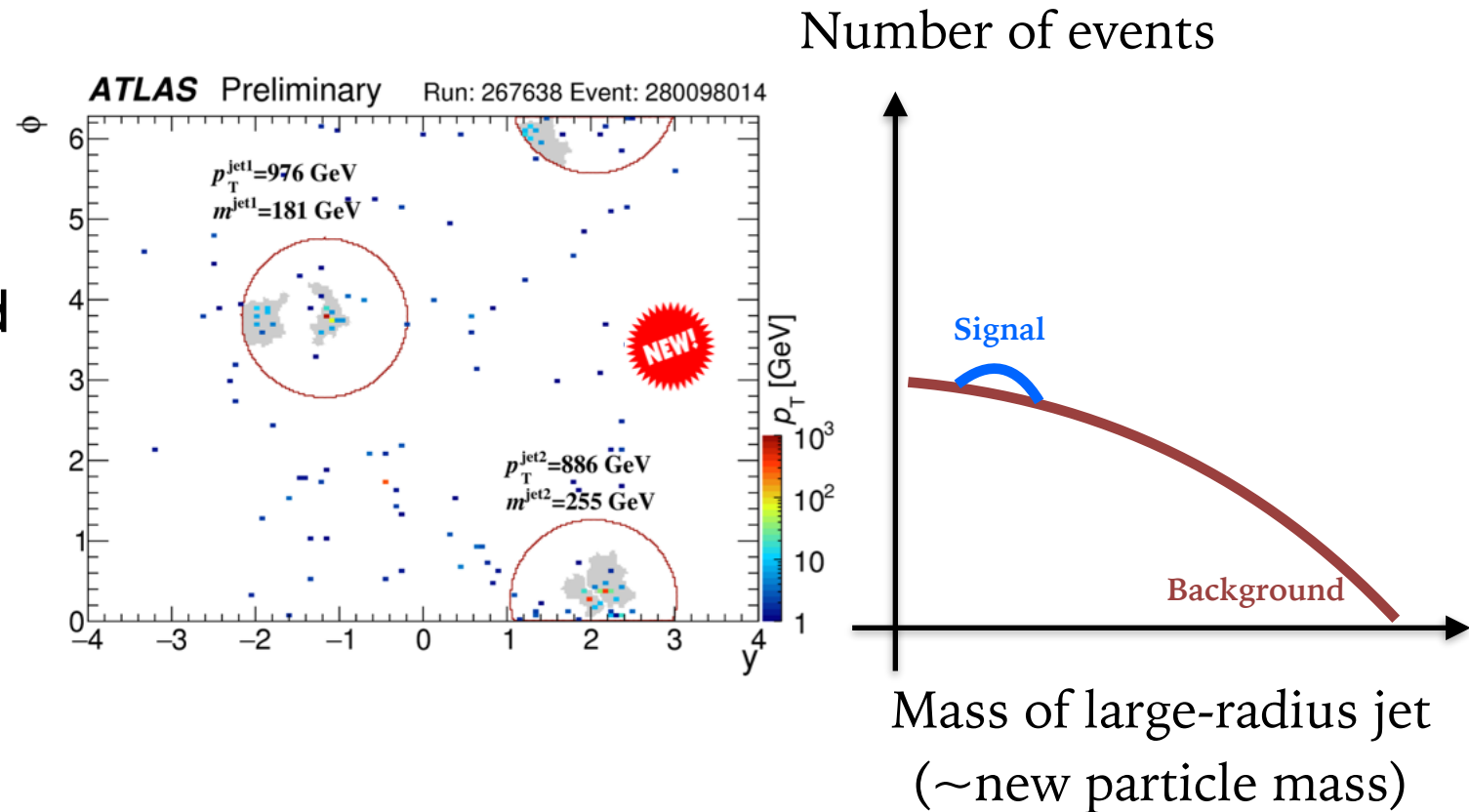


Mass of sub-leading
 di-jet system
 (~new particle mass)

Signals and backgrounds with jets

My solutions to overcome backgrounds within DARKJETS:

- Discriminate and reject background mediator pair-production: jet substructure



Potential DARKJETS reach

1. Make it possible to analyse all events:
Use jet-only events with trigger-level analysis
2. Use decay topologies with less backgrounds
dijet + energetic object from radiation
3. Discriminate and reject background
mediator pair-production:
jet substructure

