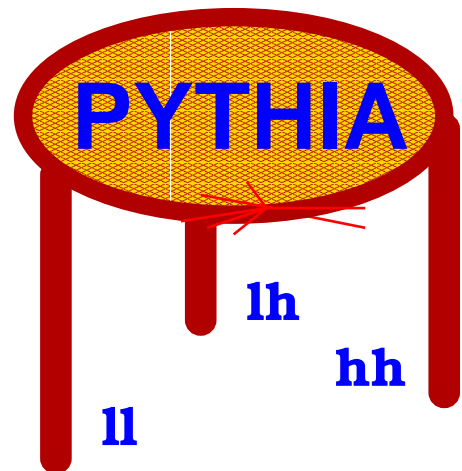


Nordic LHC Physics Workshop
Lund 16–18 March 2000

Implementation of New Physics in



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Lund University

Event Physics overview

PYTHIA status

Subprocess survey

How-to: new processes

as event weight

hardcoded

as external process

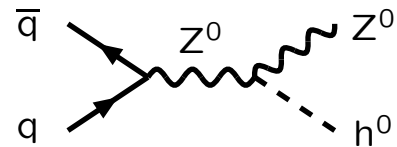
How-to: new particles and decays

Problem areas

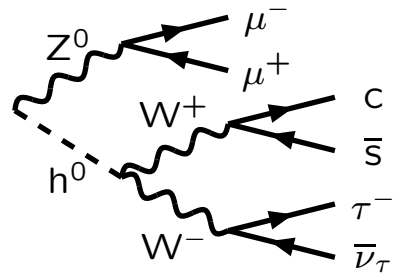
Event physics overview

Structure of the basic generation process:

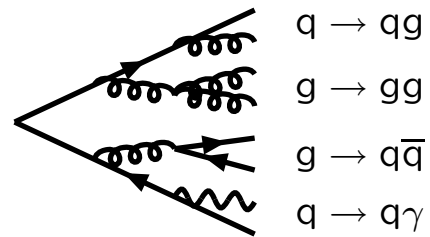
1) Hard subprocess:
 $d\hat{\sigma}/d\hat{t}$, Breit-Wigners.



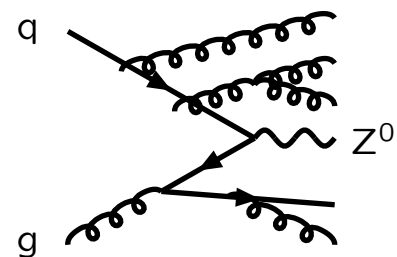
2) Resonance decays:
 includes correlations.



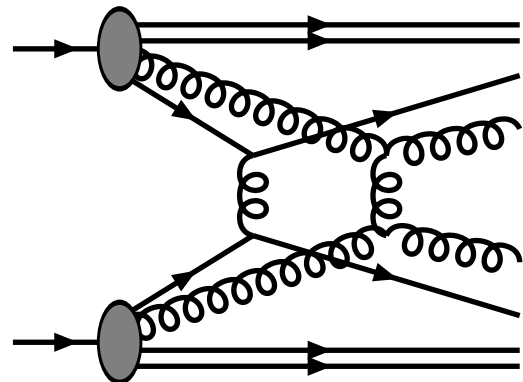
3) Final-state
 parton showers:
 (or matrix elements).



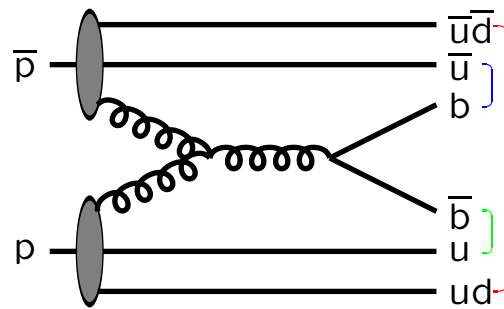
4) Initial-state
 parton showers:
 (or matrix elements).



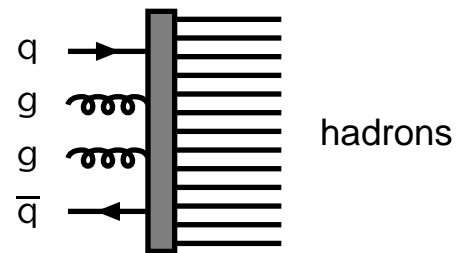
5) Multiple
 parton-parton
 interactions.



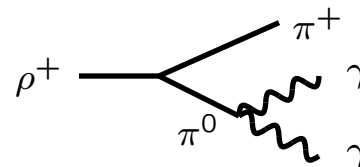
6) Beam remnants:
colour-connected
to rest of event



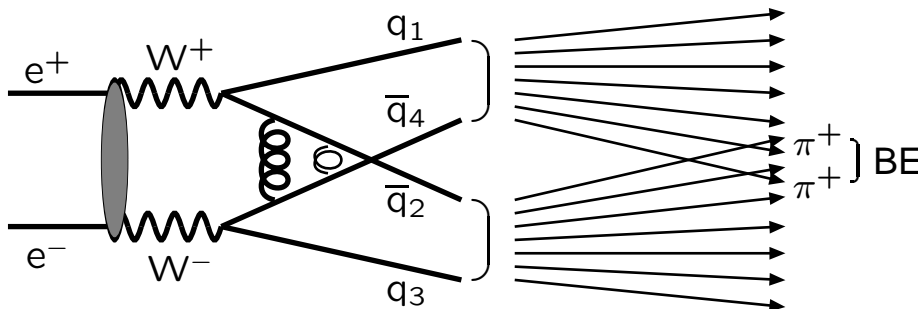
7) Hadronization
(PYTHIA: string;
HERWIG: cluster;
ISAJET: independent).



8) Normal decays:
hadronic, τ , charm, ...



9) QCD interconnection effects:



a) colour rearrangement (\Rightarrow rapidity gaps?);
b) Bose-Einstein.

10) The forgotten/unexpected: a chain is
never stronger than its weakest link!

PYTHIA status



Currently PYTHIA 6.138 of 2 March 2000

~ 51k lines Fortran 77

(PYTHIA 7 in C++: Leif Lönnblad)

Code, manuals, sample main programs:

<http://www.thep.lu.se/~torbjorn/Pythia.html>

Some PYTHIA 6.1 main news:

- JETSET routines renamed:
LUxxxx → PYxxxx + some more
- All real variables in DOUBLE PRECISION
- New processes for SUSY, Higgs, technicolor, ...
- Initial-state showers matched to (some) matrix elements
- Energy-dependent $p_{\perp\min}$ in multiple interactions
- Newer parton distributions (but ...)
- Improved resonance decay machinery

- Improved charm/bottom hadronization
- Colour rearrangement options for W^+W^-
- Expanded Bose-Einstein algorithm
- New baryon production scheme (optional)

Subprocess survey

Process	PYTH	HERW	ISAJ
QCD & related			
Soft QCD	★	★	★
Hard QCD	★	★	★
Heavy flavour	★	★	★
Top threshold	—	—	—
$\gamma\gamma$ physics	★	★	—
DIS	★	★	—
$\gamma^*\gamma^*$ physics	(★)	(★)	—
Electroweak SM			
Single $\gamma^*/Z^0/W^\pm$	★	★	★
$(\gamma/\gamma^*/Z^0/W^\pm/f/g)^2$	★	★	★
Light SM Higgs	★	★	★
Heavy SM Higgs	(★)	★	★
SUSY BSM			
$h^0/H^0/A^0/H^\pm$	★	★	★
SUSY	★	★	★
RSUSY	—	★	—
Other BSM			
Technicolor	★	—	★
New gauge bosons	★	—	—
Compositeness	★	—	—
Leptoquarks	★	—	—
$H^{\pm\pm}$ (from LR-sym.)	★	—	—
Extra dimensions	—	—	(★)

★ = yes, (★) = partial/in progress, — = no

Subprocesses (1)

No.	Subprocess
W/Z production:	
1	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \gamma^*/Z^0$
2	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow W^\pm$
22	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow Z^0 Z^0$
23	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow Z^0 W^\pm$
25	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow W^+ W^-$
15	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow g Z^0$
16	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow g W^\pm$
30	$f_i g \rightarrow f_i Z^0$
31	$f_i g \rightarrow f_k W^\pm$
19	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \gamma Z^0$
20	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \gamma W^\pm$
35	$f_i \gamma \rightarrow f_i Z^0$
36	$f_i \gamma \rightarrow f_k W^\pm$
69	$\gamma \gamma \rightarrow W^+ W^-$
70	$\gamma W^\pm \rightarrow Z^0 W^\pm$
Hard QCD processes:	
11	$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_i f_j$
12	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow f_k \bar{f}_k$
13	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow gg$
28	$f_i g \rightarrow f_i g$
53	$gg \rightarrow f_k \bar{f}_k$
68	$gg \rightarrow gg$
Soft QCD processes:	
91	elastic scattering
92	single diffraction (<i>XB</i>)
93	single diffraction (<i>AX</i>)
94	double diffraction
95	low- p_\perp production
Open heavy flavour: (also fourth generation)	
81	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow Q_k \bar{Q}_k$
82	$gg \rightarrow Q_k \bar{Q}_k$
83	$q_i f_j \rightarrow Q_k \bar{f}_l$
84	$g\gamma \rightarrow Q_k \bar{Q}_k$
85	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow F_k \bar{F}_k$

No.	Subprocess
Closed heavy flavour:	
86	$gg \rightarrow J/\psi g$
87	$gg \rightarrow \chi_{0c} g$
88	$gg \rightarrow \chi_{1c} g$
89	$gg \rightarrow \chi_{2c} g$
104	$gg \rightarrow \chi_{0c}$
105	$gg \rightarrow \chi_{2c}$
106	$gg \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma$
107	$g\gamma \rightarrow J/\psi g$
108	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma$
Prompt-photon production:	
14	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow g\gamma$
18	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
29	$f_i g \rightarrow f_i \gamma$
114	$gg \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
115	$gg \rightarrow g\gamma$
Deep inelastic scattering	
10	$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_i f_j$
Photon-induced processes:	
33	$f_i \gamma \rightarrow f_i g$
34	$f_i \gamma \rightarrow f_i \gamma$
54	$g\gamma \rightarrow f_k \bar{f}_k$
58	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow f_k \bar{f}_k$
80	$q_i \gamma \rightarrow q_k \pi^\pm$
131	$f_i \gamma_T^* \rightarrow f_i g$
132	$f_i \gamma_L^* \rightarrow f_i g$
133	$f_i \gamma_T^* \rightarrow f_i \gamma$
134	$f_i \gamma_L^* \rightarrow f_i \gamma$
135	$g\gamma_T^* \rightarrow f_i \bar{f}_i$
136	$g\gamma_L^* \rightarrow f_i \bar{f}_i$
137	$\gamma_T^* \gamma_T^* \rightarrow f_i \bar{f}_i$
138	$\gamma_T^* \gamma_L^* \rightarrow f_i \bar{f}_i$
139	$\gamma_L^* \gamma_T^* \rightarrow f_i \bar{f}_i$
140	$\gamma_L^* \gamma_L^* \rightarrow f_i \bar{f}_i$

Subprocesses (2)

No.	Subprocess
Light SM Higgs:	
3	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow h^0$
24	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow Z^0 h^0$
26	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow W^\pm h^0$
102	$gg \rightarrow h^0$
103	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow h^0$
110	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \gamma h^0$
121	$gg \rightarrow Q_k \bar{Q}_k h^0$
122	$q_i \bar{q}_i \rightarrow Q_k \bar{Q}_k h^0$
123	$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_i f_j h^0$
124	$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_k f_l h^0$
Heavy SM Higgs:	
5	$Z^0 Z^0 \rightarrow H^0$
8	$W^+ W^- \rightarrow H^0$
71	$Z_L^0 Z_L^0 \rightarrow Z_L^0 Z_L^0$
72	$Z_L^0 Z_L^0 \rightarrow W_L^+ W_L^-$
73	$Z_L^0 W_L^\pm \rightarrow Z_L^0 W_L^\pm$
76	$W_L^+ W_L^- \rightarrow Z_L^0 Z_L^0$
77	$W_L^\pm W_L^\pm \rightarrow W_L^\pm W_L^\pm$
BSM Neutral Higgses:	
151	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow H^0$
152	$gg \rightarrow H^0$
153	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow H^0$
171	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow Z^0 H^0$
172	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow W^\pm H^0$
173	$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_i f_j H^0$
174	$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_k f_l H^0$
181	$gg \rightarrow Q_k \bar{Q}_k H^0$
182	$q_i \bar{q}_i \rightarrow Q_k \bar{Q}_k H^0$
156	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow A^0$
157	$gg \rightarrow A^0$
158	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow A^0$
176	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow Z^0 A^0$
177	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow W^\pm A^0$
178	$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_i f_j A^0$
179	$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_k f_l A^0$
186	$gg \rightarrow Q_k \bar{Q}_k A^0$
187	$q_i \bar{q}_i \rightarrow Q_k \bar{Q}_k A^0$

No.	Subprocess
Charged Higgs:	
143	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow H^\pm$
161	$f_i g \rightarrow f_k H^\pm$
Higgs pairs:	
297	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow H^\pm h^0$
298	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow H^\pm H^0$
299	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow A^0 h^0$
300	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow A^0 H^0$
301	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow H^+ H^-$
Doubly-charged Higgs:	
341	$l_i l_j \rightarrow H_L^{\pm\pm}$
342	$l_i l_j \rightarrow H_R^{\pm\pm}$
343	$l_i^\pm \gamma \rightarrow H_L^{\pm\pm} e^\mp$
344	$l_i^\pm \gamma \rightarrow H_R^{\pm\pm} e^\mp$
345	$l_i^\pm \gamma \rightarrow H_L^{\pm\pm} \mu^\mp$
346	$l_i^\pm \gamma \rightarrow H_R^{\pm\pm} \mu^\mp$
347	$l_i^\pm \gamma \rightarrow H_L^{\pm\pm} \tau^\mp$
348	$l_i^\pm \gamma \rightarrow H_R^{\pm\pm} \tau^\mp$
349	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow H_L^{++} H_L^{--}$
350	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow H_R^{++} H_R^{--}$
351	$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_k f_l H_L^{\pm\pm}$
352	$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_k f_l H_R^{\pm\pm}$
New gauge bosons:	
141	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \gamma/Z^0/Z'^0$
142	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow W'^+$
144	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow R$
Compositeness:	
146	$e\gamma \rightarrow e^*$
147	$d\gamma \rightarrow d^*$
148	$u\gamma \rightarrow u^*$
167	$q_i q_j \rightarrow d^* q_k$
168	$q_i q_j \rightarrow u^* q_k$
169	$q_i \bar{q}_i \rightarrow e^{*+} e^- + e^+ e^{*-}$
165	$f_i \bar{f}_i (\rightarrow \gamma^*/Z^0) \rightarrow f_k \bar{f}_k$
166	$f_i \bar{f}_j (\rightarrow W^\pm) \rightarrow f_k \bar{f}_l$

Subprocesses (3)

No.	Subprocess
Leptoquarks:	
145	$q_i \bar{l}_j \rightarrow L_Q$
162	$qg \rightarrow \ell L_Q$
163	$gg \rightarrow L_Q \bar{L}_Q$
164	$q_i \bar{q}_i \rightarrow L_Q \bar{L}_Q$
Technicolor:	
149	$gg \rightarrow \eta_{tc}$
191	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \rho_{tc}^0$
192	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \rho_{tc}^+$
193	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \omega_{tc}^0$
194	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow f_k \bar{f}_k$
195	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow f_k \bar{f}_l$
361	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow W_L^+ W_L^-$
362	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow W_L^\pm \pi_{tc}^\mp$
363	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \pi_{tc}^+ \pi_{tc}^-$
364	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \gamma \pi_{tc}^0$
365	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \gamma \pi_{tc}^{\prime 0}$
366	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow Z^0 \pi_{tc}^0$
367	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow Z^0 \pi_{tc}^{\prime 0}$
368	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow W^\pm \pi_{tc}^\mp$
370	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow W_L^\pm Z_L^0$
371	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow W_L^\pm \pi_{tc}^0$
372	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \pi_{tc}^\pm Z_L^0$
373	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \pi_{tc}^\pm \pi_{tc}^0$
374	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \gamma \pi_{tc}^\pm$
375	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow Z^0 \pi_{tc}^\pm$
376	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow W^\pm \pi_{tc}^0$
377	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow W^\pm \pi_{tc}^{\prime 0}$

No.	Subprocess
SUSY:	
201	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{e}_L \tilde{e}_L^*$
202	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{e}_R \tilde{e}_R^*$
203	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{e}_L \tilde{e}_R^* + \tilde{e}_L^* \tilde{e}_R$
204	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\mu}_L \tilde{\mu}_L^*$
205	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\mu}_R \tilde{\mu}_R^*$
206	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\mu}_L \tilde{\mu}_R^* + \tilde{\mu}_L^* \tilde{\mu}_R$
207	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 \tilde{\tau}_1^*$
208	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_2 \tilde{\tau}_2^*$
209	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 \tilde{\tau}_2^* + \tilde{\tau}_1^* \tilde{\tau}_2$
210	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}_L \tilde{\nu}_\ell^* + \tilde{\ell}_L^* \tilde{\nu}_\ell$
211	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 \tilde{\nu}_\tau^* + \tilde{\tau}_1^* \tilde{\nu}_\tau$
212	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_2 \tilde{\nu}_\tau^* + \tilde{\tau}_2^* \tilde{\nu}_\tau$
213	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\ell \tilde{\nu}_\ell^*$
214	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau \tilde{\nu}_\tau^*$
216	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1 \tilde{\chi}_1$
217	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2 \tilde{\chi}_2$
218	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_3 \tilde{\chi}_3$
219	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_4 \tilde{\chi}_4$
220	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1 \tilde{\chi}_2$
221	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1 \tilde{\chi}_3$
222	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1 \tilde{\chi}_4$
223	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2 \tilde{\chi}_3$
224	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2 \tilde{\chi}_4$
225	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_3 \tilde{\chi}_4$
226	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\mp$
227	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^\mp$
228	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^\mp$
229	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1 \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$
230	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2 \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$
231	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_3 \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$
232	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_4 \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$
233	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1 \tilde{\chi}_2^\pm$
234	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2 \tilde{\chi}_2^\pm$
235	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_3 \tilde{\chi}_2^\pm$
236	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_4 \tilde{\chi}_2^\pm$

Subprocesses (4)

No.	Subprocess
SUSY:	
237	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{\chi}_1$
238	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{\chi}_2$
239	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{\chi}_3$
240	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{\chi}_4$
241	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$
242	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{\chi}_2^\pm$
243	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{g}$
244	$g g \rightarrow \tilde{g} \tilde{g}$
246	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iL} \tilde{\chi}_1$
247	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iR} \tilde{\chi}_1$
248	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iL} \tilde{\chi}_2$
249	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iR} \tilde{\chi}_2$
250	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iL} \tilde{\chi}_3$
251	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iR} \tilde{\chi}_3$
252	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iL} \tilde{\chi}_4$
253	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iR} \tilde{\chi}_4$
254	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{jL} \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$
256	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{jL} \tilde{\chi}_2^\pm$
258	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iL} \tilde{g}$
259	$f_i g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iR} \tilde{g}$
261	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1^*$
262	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{t}_2 \tilde{t}_2^*$
263	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_2^* + \tilde{t}_1^* \tilde{t}_2$
264	$g g \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1^*$
265	$g g \rightarrow \tilde{t}_2 \tilde{t}_2^*$
271	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iL} \tilde{q}_{jL}$
272	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iR} \tilde{q}_{jR}$
273	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iL} \tilde{q}_{jR} + \tilde{q}_{iR} \tilde{q}_{jL}$
274	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iL} \tilde{q}_{jL}^*$
275	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iR} \tilde{q}_{jR}^*$
276	$f_i \bar{f}_j \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iL} \tilde{q}_{jR}^* + \tilde{q}_{iR} \tilde{q}_{jL}^*$
277	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{jL} \tilde{q}_{jL}^*$
278	$f_i \bar{f}_i \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{jR} \tilde{q}_{jR}^*$
279	$g g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iL} \tilde{q}_{iL}^*$
280	$g g \rightarrow \tilde{q}_{iR} \tilde{q}_{iR}^*$

No.	Subprocess
SUSY:	
281	$b q_i \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 \tilde{q}_{iL}$
282	$b q_i \rightarrow \tilde{b}_2 \tilde{q}_{iR}$
283	$b q_i \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 \tilde{q}_{iR} + \tilde{b}_2 \tilde{q}_{iL}$
284	$b \bar{q}_i \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 \tilde{q}_{iL}^*$
285	$b \bar{q}_i \rightarrow \tilde{b}_2 \tilde{q}_{iR}^*$
286	$b \bar{q}_i \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 \tilde{q}_{iR}^* + \tilde{b}_2 \tilde{q}_{iL}^*$
287	$q_i \bar{q}_i \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 \tilde{b}_1^*$
288	$q_i \bar{q}_i \rightarrow \tilde{b}_2 \tilde{b}_2^*$
289	$g g \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 \tilde{b}_1^*$
290	$g g \rightarrow \tilde{b}_2 \tilde{b}_2^*$
291	$b b \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 \tilde{b}_1$
292	$b b \rightarrow \tilde{b}_2 \tilde{b}_2$
293	$b b \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 \tilde{b}_2$
294	$b g \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 \tilde{g}$
295	$b g \rightarrow \tilde{b}_2 \tilde{g}$
296	$b \bar{b} \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 \tilde{b}_2^* + \tilde{b}_2 \tilde{b}_1^*$

Implementing new processes

1. Convince a PYTHIA author to do it for you
SUSY, technicolor: Steve Mrenna
the rest: Torbjörn
but please have necessary formulae ready
2. Reweight existing cross section
with PYEVWT: simple
3. Hardcode from scratch: for brave only
4. Hardcode by modifying existing process:
rather safe, but dead end
5. Hardcode by copying existing process:
more useful, but less trivial
6. Include as external process:
the official standard path,
good if you have a working parton generator, but
nontrivial if you don't
7. Use standard interfaces: mainly for e^+e^-

```
CALL PY2FRM(IRAD, ITAU, ICOM)
CALL PY4FRM(ATOTSQ, A1SQ, A2SQ, ISTRAT,
&IRAD, ITAU, ICOM)
CALL PY6FRM(P12, P13, P21, P23, P31, P32, PTOP,
&IRAD, ITAU, ICOM)
CALL PY4JET(PMAX, IRAD, ICOM)
```

Event weight

Example: contact interaction modification to process 16, $q_i \bar{q}_j \rightarrow gW^\pm$

$$\text{FACWG} = \text{COMFAC} * \text{AS} * \text{AEM} / \text{XW} * 2\text{D0} / 9\text{D0} * \\ \& (\text{TH}^2 + \text{UH}^2 + 2\text{D0} * \text{SQM4} * \text{SH}) / (\text{TH} * \text{UH})$$

$$\frac{d\hat{\sigma}}{d\hat{t}} = \frac{\pi}{\hat{s}^2} \frac{\alpha_s \alpha_{em}}{\sin^2 \theta_W} \frac{2}{9} \frac{\hat{t}^2 + \hat{u}^2 + 2m_W^2 \hat{s}}{\hat{t}\hat{u}} |V_{ij}|^2$$

Assume modification of character

$$\frac{\hat{t}^2 + \hat{u}^2 + 2m_W^2 \hat{s}}{\hat{t}\hat{u}} \rightarrow \frac{\hat{t}^2 + \hat{u}^2 + 2m_W^2 \hat{s}}{\hat{t}\hat{u}} + N \frac{\hat{s}^2}{\Lambda^4}$$

C...Double precision and integer declarations.

```
IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION(A-H, O-Z)
```

```
IMPLICIT INTEGER(I-N)
```

```
INTEGER PYK, PYCHGE, PYCOMP
```

C...Commonblocks.

```
COMMON/PYSUBS/MSEL, MSELPD, MSUB(500), KFIN(2, -40:40), CKIN(200)
```

```
COMMON/PYPARS/MSTP(200), PARP(200), MSTI(200), PARI(200)
```

```
COMMON/MYCOMM/ANORM, ALAMDA
```

C...Select subprocess.

```
MSEL=0
```

```
MSUB(16)=1
```

C...Weighted events.

```
MSTP(142)=2
```

C...Contact couplings.

```
ANORM=1D0
```

```
ALAMDA=1000D0
```

```

C...Initialize.
    CALL PYINIT('CMS','P','P',14000D0)

C...Generate events.
    DO 100 IEV=1,100
        CALL PYEVNT
100  CONTINUE

C...Cross section.
    CALL PYSTAT(1)

    END

C*****

    SUBROUTINE PYEVWT(WTXS)

C...Double precision and integer declarations.
    IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION(A-H, O-Z)
    IMPLICIT INTEGER(I-N)
    INTEGER PYK,PYCHGE,PYCOMP

C...Commonblocks.
    COMMON/PYINT1/MINT(400),VINT(400)
    COMMON/MYCOMM/ANORM,ALAMDA
    SAVE /PYINT1/,/MYCOMM/

C...Set default weight for WTXS.
    WTXS=1D0

C...Read out subprocess number and kinematics.
    ISUB=MINT(1)
    SHAT=VINT(44)
    THAT=VINT(45)
    UHAT=VINT(46)

C...Modifications by user to be put here.
    IF(ISUB.EQ.16) THEN
        WMSQ=SHAT+THAT+UHAT
        WMEOLD=(THAT**2+UHAT**2+2D0*WMSQ*SHAT)/(THAT*UHAT)
        WMENEW=ANORM*SHAT**2/ALAMDA**4
        WTXS=(WMEOLD+WMENEW)/WMEOLD
    ENDIF

    RETURN
    END

```

Hardcoding

0) Select empty ISUB number
in range 401 – 500.

1) In PYDATA or commonblocks:

PROC(ISUB) = ' process name '

ISET(ISUB) = 1 or 2 for 2 → 1 or 2 → 2 process

KFPR(ISUB, 1) = KF code of first product

KFPR(ISUB, 2) = KF code of second product

can have KFPR info in code instead;

advantage with KFPR is possibility to modify or duplicate process,

e.g. KFPR(86, 1) = 443: gg → J/ψg is default

but KFPR(86, 1) = 553: gg → γg (+ coupling)

2) In PYSIGH:

implement matrix elements, including loop over possible incoming flavours

```
C...f + fbar -> gamma + gamma
```

```
    ELSEIF(ISUB.EQ.18) THEN
```

```
C...COMFAC already contains factor pi/shat**2 for 2->2
```

```
C...and preweighting of phase space
```

```
    FACGG=COMFAC*AEM**2*2D0*(TH2+UH2)/(TH*UH)
```

```
C...Loop over all flavours and check them
```

```
    DO 380 I=MMINA,MMAXA
```

```
        IF(I.EQ.0.OR.KFAC(1,I)*KFAC(2,-I).EQ.0)
```

```
        &    GOTO 380
```

```

C...Charge; colour factor for quark annihilation.
      EI=KCHG(IABS(I),1)/3D0
      FCOI=1D0
      IF(IABS(I).LE.10) FCOI=FACA/3D0
C...One 'channel' for each flavour, with incoming
C...flavours, colour flow enumerator and cross section.
      NCHN=NCHN+1
      ISIG(NCHN,1)=I
      ISIG(NCHN,2)=-I
      ISIG(NCHN,3)=1
      SIGH(NCHN)=0.5D0*FACGG*FCOI*EI**4
380    CONTINUE

```

Many complications, e.g.

- Breit-Wigners for resonances
- flavour-dependent interference (γ^*/Z^0)
- several colour flows

3) In PYSCAT:

fill in final state for selected process

```

C...f + fbar' -> g + W+/-;
C...th = (p(f)-p(W-))**2 or (p(fbar')-p(W+))**2
      ELSEIF(ISUB.EQ.16) THEN
C...MINT(15) and MINT(16) incoming partons;
C...charges -> W+ or W-.
      KCH1=KCHG(IABS(MINT(15)),1)*ISIGN(1,MINT(15))
      KCH2=KCHG(IABS(MINT(16)),1)*ISIGN(1,MINT(16))
C...Order of outgoing particles must reflect
C...t-hat definition; JS=1 is default.
      IF(MINT(15)*(KCH1+KCH2).LT.0) JS=2
C...Fill outgoing particles in MINT(21) and MINT(22).
      MINT(20+JS)=21
      MINT(23-JS)=ISIGN(24,KCH1+KCH2)
C...Colour flow code: always pick by analogy
C...with similar existing process.
      KCC=17+JS

```

External processes

Convenient when you already have parton-level generator available;
used e.g. by COMPHEP group

0) Select empty ISUB number(s)
in range 401 – 500.

1) In main program before CALL PYINIT :

```
CALL PYUPIN(ISUB,TITLE,SIGMAX)  
MSUB(ISUB)=1
```

TITLE = ' process name '

SIGMAX = maximum of event weights to be encountered

2) Supply subroutine that will be called from PYEVNT, and that for each call generates and returns an event of kind ISUB:

```
SUBROUTINE PYUPEV(ISUB,SIGEV)
```

ISUB = inparameter to allow mixing of several external processes

SIGEV = cross section (or weight) for event,

$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \int d\Omega$, with Ω (biased) phase space, and

SIGEV/SIGMAX : event survival probability.

SIGEV = SIGMAX = 1D0 : accept all events,
but no cross section info.

3) Subroutine PYUPEV must provide event info (mini event record) in

```
COMMON/PYUPPR/NUP , KUP(20,7) , PUP(20,5) ,  
&NFUP , IFUP(10,2) , Q2UP(0:10)
```

NUP : number of entries, first two incoming partons, the rest outgoing particles

KUP(I,1) : 1 normally, 2 for documentation

KUP(I,2) : PDG particle code

KUP(I,3) : 0, or mother I where known

KUP(I,4) : origin of final-state colour

KUP(I,5) : origin of final-state anticolour

KUP(I,6) : destination of initial-state colour

KUP(I,7) : destination of initial-state anticolour

PUP(I,J) : (p_x, p_y, p_z, E, m) in GeV

Q2UP(0) : Q^2 scale of initial-state shower ($\simeq \hat{s}$?)

NFUP : number of final-state showers

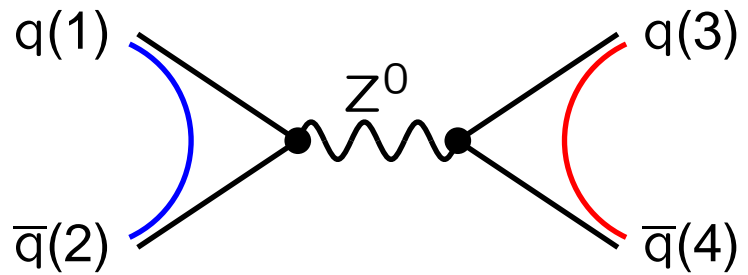
KFUP(IF,1) , KFUP(IF,2) : pair of partons or particles that shower (one non-radiating particle is OK; to take recoil)

Q2UP(IF) : Q^2 scale of final-state shower ($\simeq m^2$)

For a complete example, see

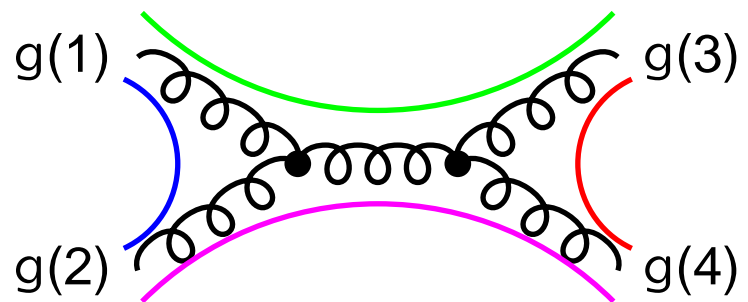
<http://www.thep.lu.se/~torbjorn/pythia/main51.f>

example 1:
s-channel
colour singlet
exchange



	colour from	anticol from	colour to	anticol to
I	KUP(I, 4)	KUP(I, 5)	KUP(I, 6)	KUP(I, 7)
1	0	0	2	0
2	0	0	0	1
3	4	0	0	0
4	0	3	0	0

example 2:
gg → gg,
one of 6 possible
colour flows



	colour from	anticol from	colour to	anticol to
I	KUP(I, 4)	KUP(I, 5)	KUP(I, 6)	KUP(I, 7)
1	0	0	3	2
2	0	0	1	4
3	1	4	0	0
4	3	2	0	0

Most parton-level generators do not give colour info
⇒ have to make sensible choices, e.g. mix according
to $\prod 1/m_{ij}^2$ where ij is any parton pair connected by
string.

New particles

0) Select flavour code K_F , according to PDG rules.

1) Modify particle data in PYDATA, best by editing table:

CALL PYUPDA(1,LFN) : writes table on unit LFN

CALL PYUPDA(2,LFN) : reads table from unit LFN for complete replacement

CALL PYUPDA(3,LFN) : reads table from unit LFN for new particles or a few updated old particles **Use similar existing particle as template!**

Example (here edited to fit page size; in real life column alignment is important)

```
4000002 u* u*bar 2 1 1 400.00000 2.65499 26.54994 0.00000E+00 1 1
  1 0 0.853165 21 2 0 0 0
  1 0 0.021144 22 2 0 0 0
  1 0 0.029361 23 2 0 0 0
  1 0 0.096329 24 1 0 0 0
```

First line: PDG code, particle name, antiparticle name, 3*charge, colour charge classification, particle/antiparticle distinction, mass, width, cutoff of tails, lifetime, width rescaling (see below), decay on/off.

Subsequent lines: decay channels with channel on/off, matrix-element code, branching ratio, PDG codes for up to 5 decay products.

2) Width treatment in PYWIDT routine:

allows dynamic calculation of partial widths,

e.g. $\Gamma_h(m_h)$ or $\gamma^*/Z^0 \rightarrow t\bar{t}$

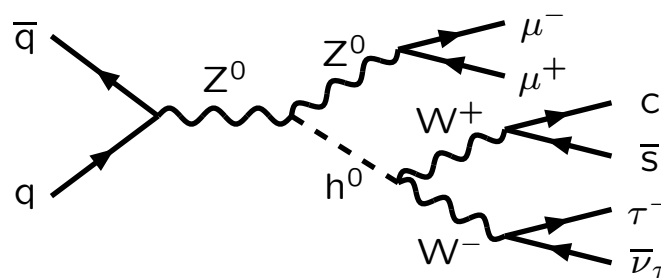
but normally overkill for narrow mass peak.

Set 0 or 2 in width rescaling input on particle line to avoid need for PYWIDT implementation.

3) Decay treatment

a) in PYDECY routine: simple phase-space multibody decay, up to 10 particles, isotropic or with some matrix element; obtained for width rescaling input = 0.

b) in PYRESO routine: more sophisticated resonance description obtained for width rescaling input ≥ 1 . Optimized for two simultaneous decays to two particles each, with automatic showering where possible, but can handle three products.



Allows non-isotropic decays, in several steps if required. But nontrivial to program; may be easier to do isotropic decays (default) and reweight final events.

Problem areas

- Mass spectrum of resonance often shows extra peak near lower cut-off (2 GeV by default) because parton distributions may increase faster at small x than a Breit-Wigner decreases. But can't trust Breit-Wigner too far from main peak anyway, so cut tails e.g. with CKIN.
- Long-lived new coloured particles would form "hadrons", e.g. $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{g}q\bar{q}$ or $\tilde{g}g$. Not currently considered. Experience from top and leptoquarks show small differences, mainly in soft-hadron region.
- QCD showering off \tilde{q}, \tilde{g} still missing: to be done.
- Multibody final states: no efficient biased phase space generator.
- SUSY R processes introduce new colour flow topologies with junctions. Hadronization supported (though not told how in manual) but consistent showering machinery missing.

